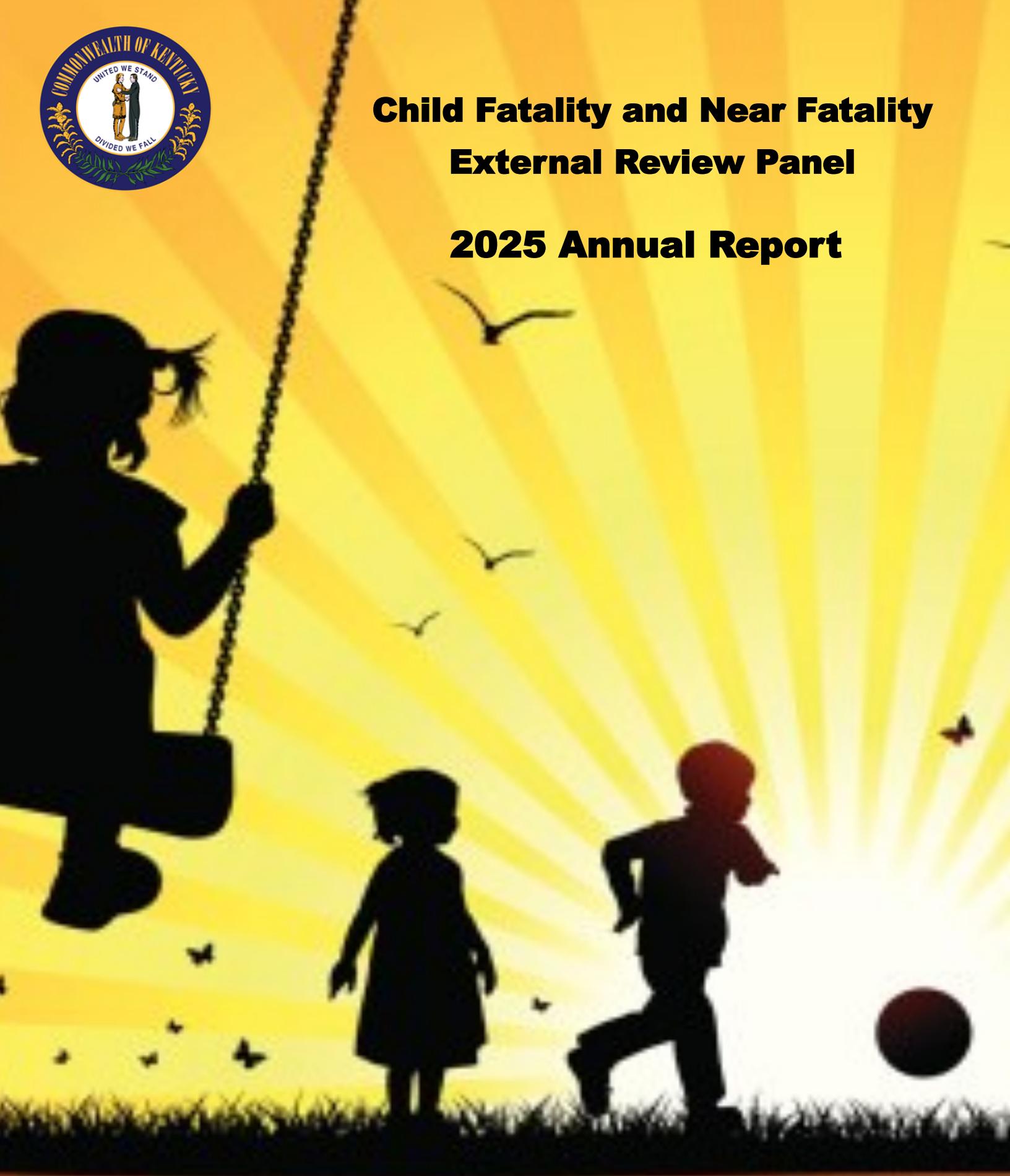




# **Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel**

## **2025 Annual Report**



**Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel  
125 Holmes Street, 2nd Floor  
Frankfort, Kentucky 40601**

## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

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The External Child Fatality and Near Fatality Review Panel, hereinafter the panel, is tasked with conducting comprehensive reviews of all child fatalities and near fatalities suspected to be the result of abuse or neglect. This multidisciplinary panel is comprised of twenty-two professionals from the medical, social services, mental health, legal, law enforcement, and other professions who work on behalf of Kentucky's children.

The panel reviews cases referred from the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Department for Community Based Services (DCBS), and the Department for Public Health. DCBS conducts their own investigation into the fatality or near fatality and determines whether to substantiate abuse or neglect. The panel conducts an external review of these cases independently of the DCBS finding. The panel may also review cases referred from other sources, if the fatality or near fatality is suspected to be a result of abuse or neglect perpetrated by a parent, guardian, or other person exercising custodial control or supervision. The cases reviewed from the Department for Public Health are referred from the local child fatality review teams and the state Sudden Unexpected Infant Death (SUID) team. These cases either were not reported to, or were not accepted for investigation by, DCBS.

As a part of this external review, relevant information is requested from a variety of sources and may include autopsy reports, medical records, law enforcement records, and records held by any Family, Circuit, or District Court. The purpose of these retrospective reviews is to identify systemic deficiencies and to make recommendations for improvements to prevent child fatalities and near fatalities due to abuse and neglect.

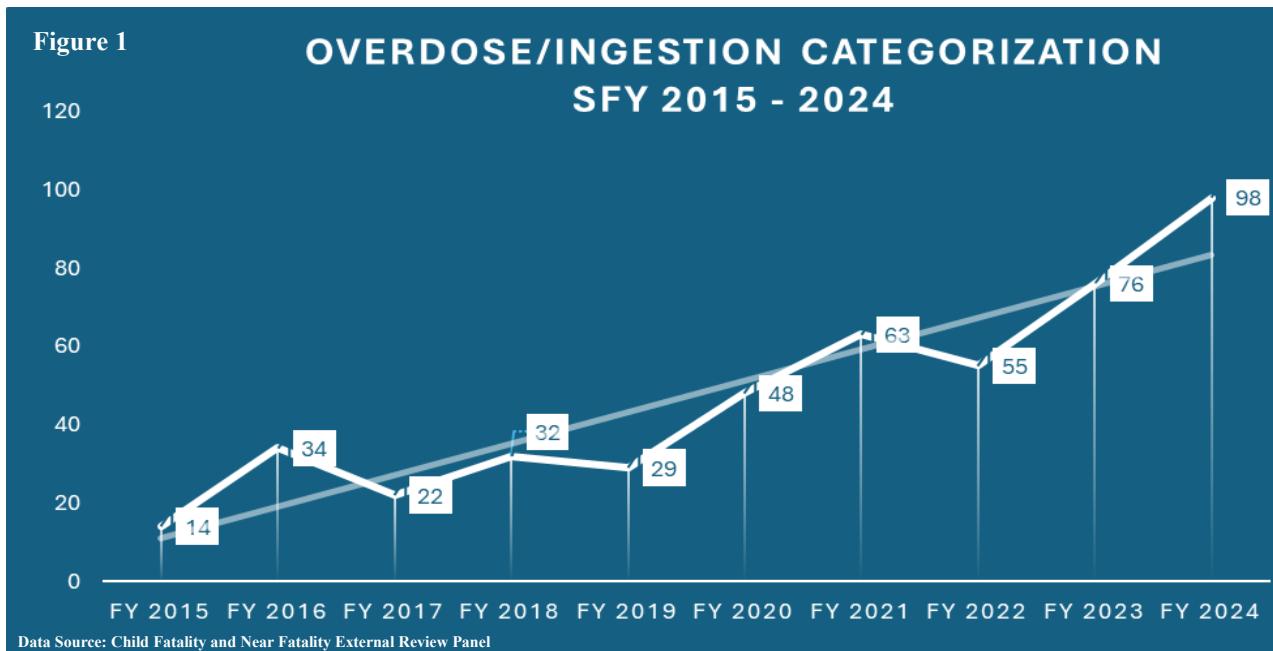
This annual report is to be published and submitted to the Governor, the secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Attorney General, the State Child Abuse and Neglect Prevention Board, and the director of the Legislative Research Commission for distribution to the Interim Joint Committee Families and Children, and the Interim Joint Committee on Judiciary by February 1 of each year as specified in KRS 620.055(10). Furthermore, the panel shall determine a specific agency responsible for implementing the recommendations contained within this report and notify them in writing. The receiving agency has ninety (90) days upon receipt to: 1) respond to the panel with a written intent to implement the recommendation, an explanation of how the recommendation will be implemented, and an approximate time frame; or 2) respond to the panel with a written notice the agency does not intend to implement the recommendation and provide a detailed explanation of why the recommendation cannot be implemented.

The panel met monthly throughout 2025 in order to complete case reviews. Cases reviewed were from state fiscal year 2024 (July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2024). The panel reviewed a total of 248 cases comprised of 72 fatalities and 176 near fatalities. Of the seventy-two fatalities, seven of those cases were reported to DCBS as near fatalities which ultimately resulted in a fatality. Nine of the fatal cases were referred to the panel from the Department for Public Health.

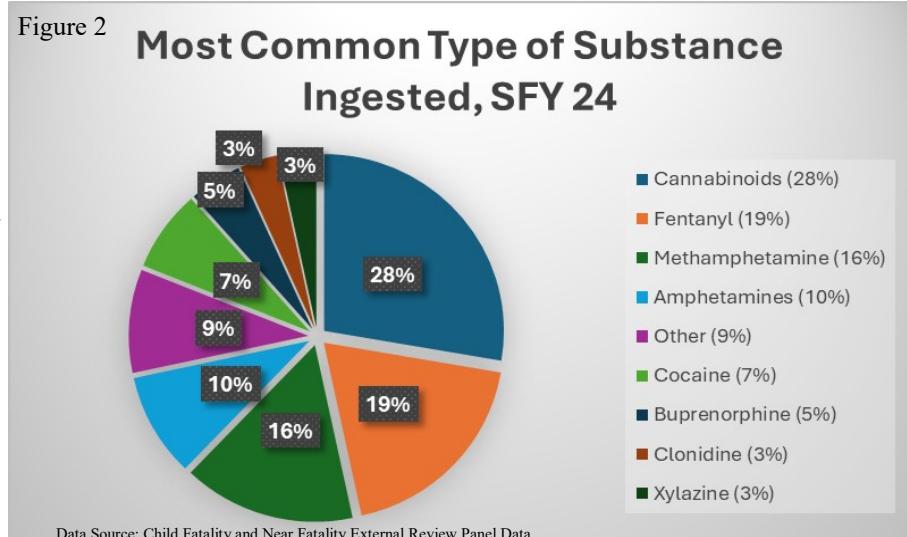
For a greater understanding of the panel's work, all interested citizens are encouraged to read this report and to visit the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet's website (<https://justice.ky.gov/boards-commissions/cfnferp/pages/default.aspx>) for prior years' reports and case summaries.

## OVERDOSE—INGESTION CASES

For the last five years, the panel has made numerous recommendations to various agencies to raise awareness and enact prevention efforts related to unintentional pediatric ingestion cases. Despite these efforts, the number of pediatric overdose/ingestion cases reviewed by the panel has increased by 104% over the last five years. As shown in Figure 1, the panel is reporting the highest rates of ingestion cases since its inception. Children under four are at a higher risk for accidental ingestions compared to all other age groups. The average age of overdose/ingestion cases reviewed by the panel was three years old. Sadly, in state fiscal year (SFY) 24, eleven children lost their lives due to being exposed to a dangerous or illicit substance.



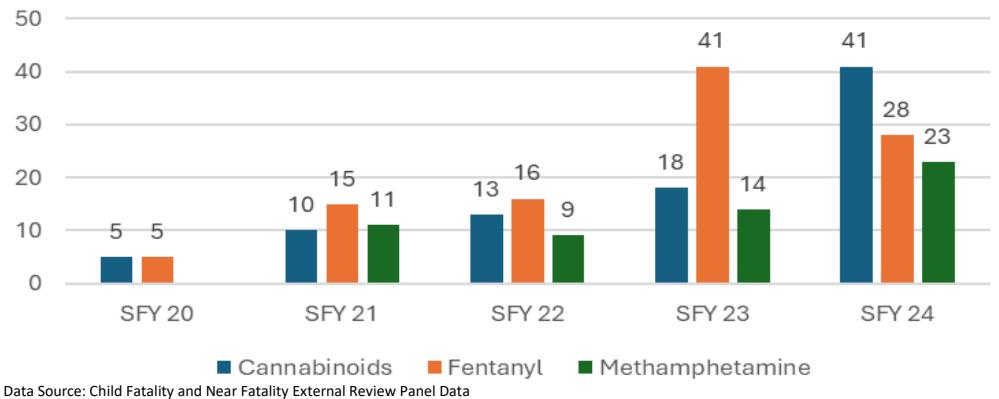
The panel continues to track the types of substances most commonly ingested by children. As shown in Figure 2, cannabinoids, fentanyl, and methamphetamine were the most commonly ingested substances in SFY24. Of the fatal cases reviewed by the panel, 64% of those children were exposed to fentanyl. When analyzing the types of substances ingested, the rate of cannabinoid exposure to children in Kentucky has increased 720% in the last five years (see Figure 3). The panel continues to review cases for which the caregivers seem unaware of the dangers cannabinoid products pose to small children. The panel documented this growing trend in its 2024 Annual Report and recommended the development of a standardized guideline to educate caregivers and providers on proper safe storage. While we applaud the state in its efforts to regulate these products, it is evident stronger regulations and enforcement efforts are needed.



# OVERDOSE—INGESTION CASES

Figure 3

## Most Commonly Ingested Substances in SFY24 compared to prior years, SFY 20 - SFY 24



Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

The current regulations pertaining to the packaging and sale of medical cannabis and other hemp-derived cannabinoid containing products does require the product to be in a child-resistant package.<sup>1,2</sup> However, the term child-resistant in the medical cannabis regulation is not defined, nor does it reference the definition for child-resistant packaging used in the regulations governing hemp-derived cannabinoid products.<sup>3</sup> The definition in the hemp-derived cannabinoid products requires the package to maintain the child-resistant requirement through multiple openings for any products containing multiple servings. Additionally, the child-resistant requirements in the medical cannabis regulations require a two-step process for initial opening. This requirement is not included in the sale of other hemp-derived cannabinoid containing products. Considering the dangers both of these products pose to young children, the child-resistant requirements should remain consistent throughout all cannabinoid related products.

In response to the panel’s 2024 recommendations, the Kentucky Office of Medical Cannabis created a “how to” guide regarding safe storage of medical cannabis.<sup>4</sup> The guide encourages the consumer to keep the product in the “child-resistant” packaging from the dispensary and provides the number for Kentucky Poison Control. ***However, it fails to mention these products may be harmful or even fatal to small children.*** The guide should encourage the consumer to obtain a medication lockbox to ensure safe storage of these products. When reviewing the sample edible product label requirements, it does clearly state “Keep Out of Reach of Children” but again fails to adequately warn the consumer how dangerous or potentially fatal these products may be if ingested by children.<sup>5</sup> Furthermore, there are no regulations around the colors, scents, or flavors that may be used in these products. Finally, many of these products contain Delta-9 THC, which is not currently legal in Kentucky.

For the third year in a row, the panel is recommending an aggressive public safety campaign regarding safe storage of medications and illicit substances, specifically targeting all cannabinoid containing products. It is the panel’s understanding the Department for Public Health is educating families through various programs such as Health Access Nurturing Development Services (HANDS) and Women, Infants, and Children program (WIC). While educating those families is a commendable start, efforts must be more wide reaching. These products are readily available at local retailers and gas stations for purchase without any forward-facing public messaging about the dangers of these products. While a national media campaign would be ideal, there are both urgent needs and multiple opportunities for increased education at the state and community levels.

## OVERDOSE—INGESTION CASES

An effective prevention effort must include enhancing enforcement of current laws surrounding these products. In the cases reviewed by the panel, 34% had a documented law enforcement issue. The most commonly identified missed opportunity for law enforcement was failing to investigate. It is important law enforcement agencies are considering applicable criminal charges, such as Endangering the Welfare of a Minor and Wanton Endangerment. Prosecutors should work collaboratively with investigating agencies to ensure the evidence required is properly obtained. If more of these cases were thoroughly investigated, it could potentially assist in identifying those retailers selling these products outside of compliance.

Opportunities missed by medical providers were documented in 26% of all pediatric ingestion cases. The specific issue noted most often was failure to obtain a urine drug screen (UDS) on the child immediately upon arrival at the emergency department. Hospitals routinely use fentanyl when intubating a child and drug screens do not differentiate between fentanyl obtained on the streets or administered in a hospital setting. Therefore, it is imperative for medical providers to obtain the screening upon arrival. The second most commonly noted concern was the lack of timely reporting to child protective services and law enforcement. Medical providers should immediately report any suspected pediatric ingestions to authorities to ensure a timely investigation, although a delay in reporting should not preclude law enforcement investigation.

### NF-014-24-NC

This case involved the near fatal overdose/ingestion of THC in a three-year-old child. Index child was transported to a local hospital by EMS due to being unable to be awakened even with stimulation. Upon arrival, the child received two doses of Narcan and was intubated for airway protection. After intubation, the index child developed frothy bloody secretions from the breathing tube and went into full cardiac arrest requiring one round of CPR. The child was transported to a children's hospital and during transport went into full cardiac arrest again. Upon arrival to children's hospital, index child was diagnosed with a pulmonary hemorrhage and received a blood transfusion. Initial urine toxicology screen was positive for cannabinoids. Mother reported the child had ingested the wax piece of her THC dab pen. The pen was newly purchased and reportedly contained 500mg of THC. (although the lack of regulations in these products precludes any ability to know the exact amount contained) The child remained in the PICU for eleven days and then released to an inpatient rehabilitation facility for intensive rehabilitation due to neurological deficits sustained from the ingestion. Law enforcement failed to investigate this case.

### Recommendations:

- 1.) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Department for Public Health and Office of Medical Cannabis should amend the regulations pertaining to medical cannabis and hemp-derived cannabinoid products to ensure consistency pertaining to the child-resistant packaging requirements. Additional warnings should be required to inform the consumer that “child-resistant” packaging does not mean “child-proof” and these products may be harmful or potentially fatal to children.
- 2.) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services, Department for Public Health and the Office of Medical Cannabis should conduct an aggressive public safety campaign. The campaign should focus on educating caregivers, prescribers, and providing retailers with educational material for consumers regarding the dangers these substances pose to small children.

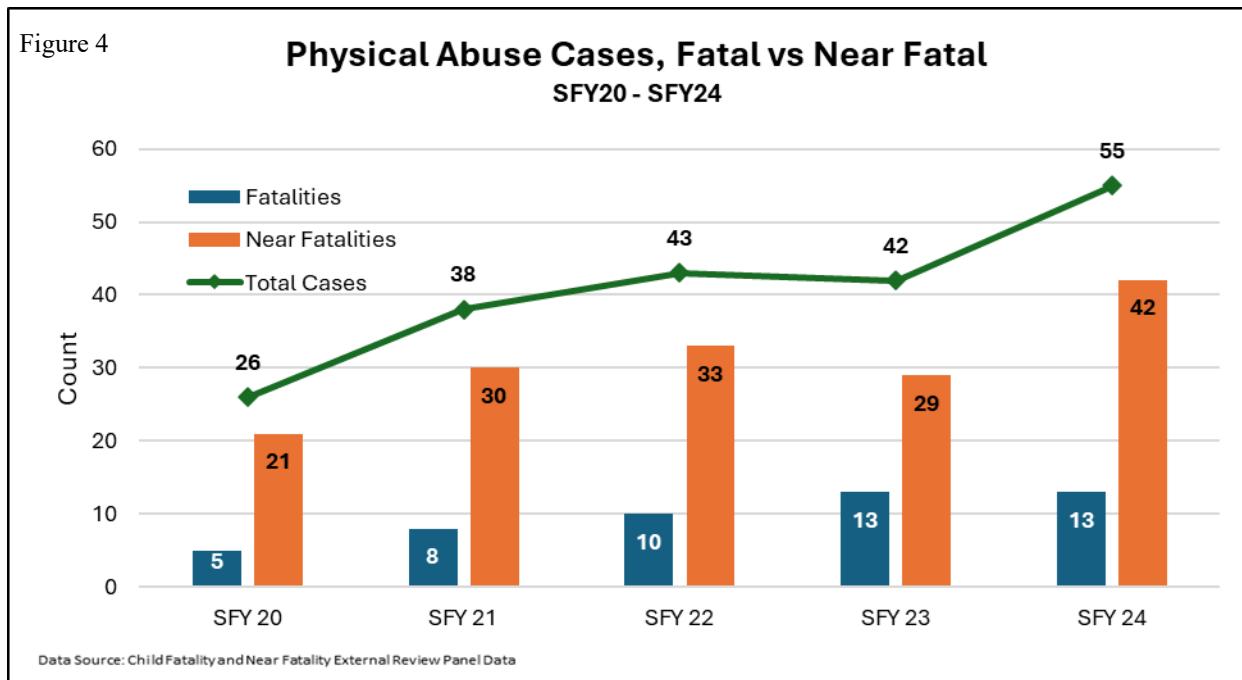
## OVERDOSE—INGESTION CASES

### Recommendations Continued:

- 3.) The Department for Public Health, HANDS program should update their educational material to include safe storage of medical cannabis and hemp-derived cannabinoid products (i.e. Protecting Your Child from Harmful Substances).
- 4.) The Office of the Attorney General should work with law enforcement, medical providers, and prosecutors to create a toolkit focused on pediatric ingestions. The toolkit will assist law enforcement officers on how to investigate these types of cases, prosecutors on applicable criminal charges, and medical providers on proper toxicology testing and keeping a high index of suspicion for ingestion if a young child presents with altered mental status.
- 5.) The Office of the Attorney General, through the Prosecutors Advisory Council, should include a training focused on pediatric ingestions at the annual Kentucky Prosecutors Conference.
- 6.) The Kentucky Hospital Association should include a training regarding pediatric ingestions at the 2026 Trauma and Emergency Medicine Symposium.

## PHYSICAL ABUSE CASES

As shown in Figure 4, the panel reviewed 55 physical abuse cases from SFY 24, comprising of 22% of all cases reviewed, and representing a 31% increase from the previous fiscal year (42 cases). The majority of physical abuse cases resulted in a near fatal event (76%). Analysis revealed several dominant family characteristics including: DCBS Issues (89%), Financial Issues (82%), DCBS History (73%), Substance Abuse (67%), Mental Health Issues (56%), Criminal History (56%), and Domestic Violence (58%). These findings underscore the complex, interconnected nature of risk factors present in families where severe physical abuse occurs (see Figure 5).

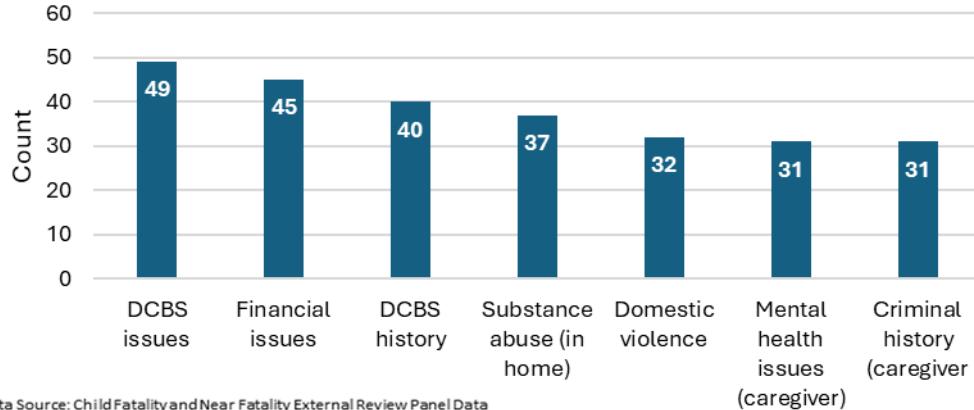


## PHYSICAL ABUSE CASES

Figure 5

### Top Family Characteristics in Physical Abuse Cases, SFY24

n=55



Financial issues were present in 82% of physical abuse cases, with housing instability noted in 24%. Research demonstrates families facing economic hardship have nearly twice the odds of substantiated maltreatment compared to families without such hardship. Income instability, housing instability, and food insecurity all increase risk for physically aggressive parenting. Kentucky's Family Preservation Program has demonstrated a 96% success rate keeping children safely at home, and continued expansion of flexible funding for concrete supports (housing, utilities, food, transportation) should remain a priority.

Substance abuse in the home was present in 67% of physical abuse cases, with impaired caregivers noted in 22%. Parents with substance use disorders are nearly three times more likely to physically abuse their children.<sup>6</sup> The Administration for Children and Families identifies six critical touchpoints for addressing substance use: screening, education, prevention strategies, referral to treatment, coordination with providers, and case management. Kentucky's START and KSTEP programs should continue expanding to reduce treatment wait times, and the SOP requirement for mental health assessment alongside substance use treatment reflects best practice for addressing co-occurring disorders.<sup>7</sup>

Mental health issues in a caregiver were identified in 56% of cases. Parental depression increases risk of hostile parenting and physical abuse, and co-occurring mental illness and substance abuse creates a higher risk than either condition alone. Given that 40% of cases showed lack of treatment, agencies must ensure robust referral pathways and reduce barriers to mental health services. The intergenerational transmission of trauma is significant - adults who experienced physical abuse or witnessed violence during childhood are at increased risk for abusive parenting behaviors.<sup>8</sup>

Of the 248 total cases reviewed, Department for Community Based Services, Standards of Practice (SOP) issues were identified in 32 cases (13%). Kentucky's SOP G1.16 (Working with Families Affected by Substance Misuse) is comprehensive, requiring caseworkers to request substance use disorder assessments regardless of drug test results, increase contact frequency with treatment providers, and incorporate treatment plans into case planning. The policy appropriately prohibits punitive approaches to relapse and requires assessments to include the degree to which the parent is impaired in day-to-day functioning—not just caregiving while sober. However, these protocols are not consistently followed. Kentucky DCBS should implement enhanced training and supervision protocols, with regular quality assurance reviews monitoring compliance with treatment provider contact and case planning requirements.<sup>9</sup>

## **PHYSICAL ABUSE**

More than half of the physical abuse cases involved Abusive Head Trauma (AHT). According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), AHT, including shaken baby syndrome, is a severe form of child abuse that results in brain injury. It often happens when a caregiver becomes frustrated, or angry, due to a child's crying. It is caused by violent shaking and/or blunt impact and nearly all victims suffer long-term health consequences. It is estimated one in every four children who experience this type of trauma, dies. AHT is a leading cause of child abuse deaths in children under 5 years of age.<sup>10</sup>

Both medical and child welfare practitioners must understand proper diagnostic imaging protocols when investigating physical abuse. The use of a skeletal survey is considered best practice. The American College of Radiology Practice Guideline for Skeletal Surveys in Children establishes that each anatomic region must be imaged with a separate radiographic exposure to ensure uniform image density and maximize sharpness.<sup>11</sup> A single radiograph of the entire infant (*babygram*) must be avoided. Skeletal surveys are necessary when physical abuse is suspected in children under two years and in older children with developmental delays or limited verbal skills. The skeletal survey can identify characteristic injury patterns such as classic metaphyseal lesions ("bucket-handle" and "corner" fractures) and posterior rib fractures, which are highly indicative of abuse. A follow-up skeletal survey approximately two weeks after the initial survey is recommended when clinical suspicion is high, as it increases detection of occult fractures not visible initially.<sup>12</sup> Pennsylvania's child welfare training curriculum includes comprehensive instruction on medical indicators, including the "7 B's" of physical abuse (bruises, burns, bites, bones, brain, belly, brothers).<sup>13</sup> Kentucky should adopt similar training to improve caseworker identification and assessment of physical abuse.

NF-135-24-C

This case exemplifies the intersection of the above-mentioned risk factors. This case involved the near fatality of a five-year-old child resulting from physical abuse, neglect, sexual abuse, and torture. Injuries noted included severe malnutrition, healing rib fractures, multiple bruises, pancreatic duct injury, and the child tested positive for fentanyl. Both parents had criminal histories including assault and drug offenses, substance abuse issues, a history of intimate partner violence, and the mother reported mental health issues. This case demonstrates how financial stress, substance abuse, mental health issues, and criminal history often co-occur and compound risk for severe child maltreatment.

### **Recommendations:**

- 1.) The Kentucky Multidisciplinary Commission on Child Sexual Abuse should provide an update on the feasibility study conducted based on the panel's 2023 recommendation to expand the Commission's capabilities to review all fatal or near fatal physical abuses in addition to sexual abuse cases.
- 2.) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services, in collaboration with Kentucky's child abuse specialist teams, should develop and implement a comprehensive, standardized training curriculum on medical indicators of child physical abuse for both child welfare caseworkers and medical professionals. This training should include instruction on the American College of Radiology and American Academy of Pediatrics guidelines establishing that skeletal surveys—not single-image babygrams—are the required standard for evaluating suspected physical abuse in children 24 months of age and younger. The curriculum should incorporate additional training for identifying physical abuse indicators, including the Ten-Four FACES-P.

## PHYSICAL ABUSE

### Recommendations Continued:

3.) The Department for Community Based Services should implement a monitoring system to track caseworker and supervisor compliance with SOP G1.16 (Working with Families Affected by Substance Misuse). This could be added to the already structured continuous quality improvement (CQI) system within the department. This system should offer a data dashboard accessible to supervisors and regional administrators to track key performance indicators including timeliness of substance abuse assessments, frequency of treatment provider contacts, and case plan integration of treatment goals, as well as regular feedback loops where findings are shared with frontline workers and supervisors to support practice improvement. This monitoring framework aligns with the National Center on Substance Abuse and Child Welfare's recommended six touchpoints for addressing substance use (screening, education, prevention strategies, referral to treatment, coordination with providers, and case management) and the Administration for Children and Families' emphasis on fidelity monitoring as essential to effective child welfare practice.

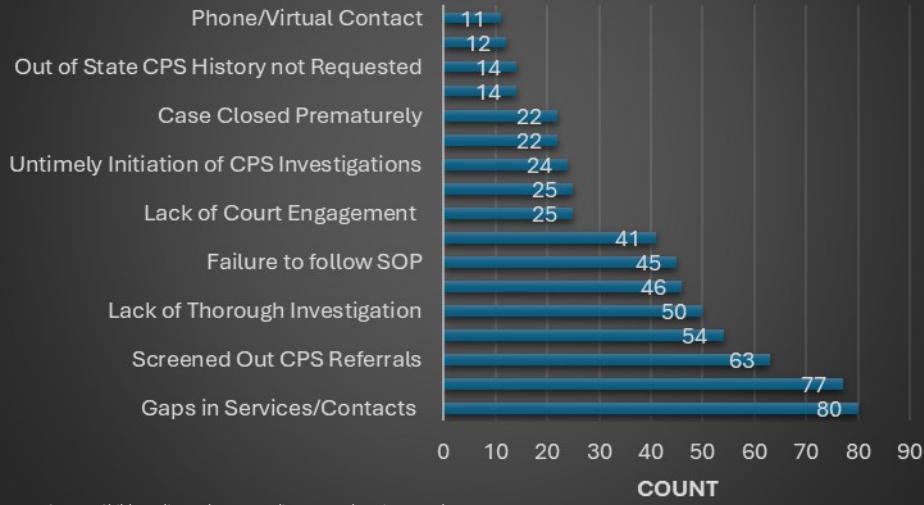
## DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

In SFY 2024, the panel examined casework quality and practice prior to, during, and after the fatal/near fatal incident occurred. The panel identified opportunities for improvement, noted as "DCBS issues," in 73% (182) of all 248 cases reviewed. These opportunities are examined to focus on prevention, systemic issues, and statewide improvement within agencies, including the DCBS, also commonly referred to as Child Protective Services (CPS).

Of the cases reviewed, 63% (156) were found to have prior history with DCBS. While prior history does not equate to agency error, the panel closely examines the nature and extent of prior CPS involvement and casework.

Figure 6  
**Number of External Panel Cases with Identified DCBS Issues**

SFY 2024



Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

## DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

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The panel documented 63 cases had referrals that Did Not Meet Criteria (DNMC) which were questionably screened out. One identified issue is screened out or DNMC reports, which are not consistently forwarded to supervisors and workers assigned to active cases involving the same family. This issue is documented by the panel as a lack of internal communication (see Figure 6). DCBS has reported implementing changes to ensure supervisors are notified. An additional concern involves reports made by active CPS workers which are subsequently screened out. When a caseworker with policy knowledge and direct involvement with a family determines a new report is warranted, the decision to screen out such a report warrants further examination.

Timely completion of fatality and near fatality investigations remains a critical concern. These cases are complex and often take longer than typical investigations; however, timely resolution is essential for families and case outcomes. For SFY 2024, the average time to complete fatality and near fatality cases was 230 days statewide. While the statewide average time to completion slightly decreased, the time to completion increased in Jefferson County. Jefferson County, consistently has the highest caseload assignments in the state, averaged 395 days for case completion.

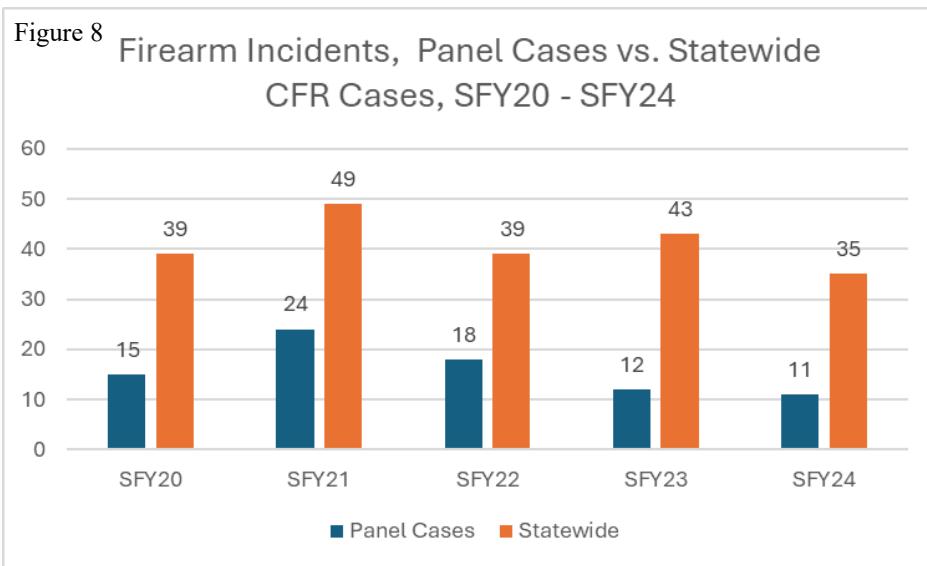
Delays in case completion negatively impact families. Extended waiting periods can cause confusion, uncertainty, and disillusionment, particularly when casework halts or significantly slows. High caseloads and staff turnover directly contribute to these delays. When a CPS worker leaves the agency, cases may not be reassigned promptly, and reassignment often occurs without documentation or case notes, requiring the new worker to essentially restart the investigation. This leaves families in limbo and creates gaps in services and contact with no documented explanation. DCBS SOP G1.5 provides guidance for various consultations and specifically for Family Services Office Supervisor (FSOS) during investigations. This SOP requires at least monthly consults between worker and supervisor to be documented on the Investigative Consultation Form. Items to be addressed during these consults is completion of all identified tasks and/or actions and if not completed, to address barriers, strategies, and likely date of completion. The uploading of these forms to the TWIST system could assist in explaining gaps in services/contacts and the reasons for these delays.

The panel continues to have significant concerns regarding high caseloads, staff turnover, and worker burnout. KRS 199.461 requires DCBS to report caseloads exceeding 25 active CPS cases per worker for more than 90 consecutive days. During the most recent quarterly report, the statewide DCBS caseload averaged 32 for the month of July, 30 in August, and 32 in September, exceeding the recommended threshold. The report further states that 36 counties and five of the nine regions exceeded the caseload restrictions. This is a decrease from the prior quarterly report. While salary increases for new workers and supervisors have improved recruitment, pay inequities have emerged for tenured staff, with some now earning less than newly hired employees. This has contributed to turnover among experienced staff and management. The pay equity issue continues to be assessed by the agency, the Administration, and the General Assembly.

In 2024, the panel found home visits and/or investigative interviews were being conducted by phone or video conference contrary to SOP. In response to the panel's 2024 recommendations, DCBS implemented SOP G1.35, Alternative Methods of Communication, which establishes the use of technology such as phone, Zoom, and other virtual formats to enhance family engagement. The policy emphasizes that while these alternative communication methods support engagement with families and community partners, they do not replace mandated face-to-face contact. As shown in Figure 6 as Phone/Virtual Contacts, the panel continues to track this issue and noted a slight decline from last year's report.

## DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

In SFY24, the panel reviewed eleven cases involving firearm injuries to children, nine of which resulted in fatalities. While this represents a reduction from previous years, the reason for this decline is unclear. When comparing panel firearm cases to Kentucky's Statewide Child Fatality Review (CFR) firearm cases, the overall number of firearm injuries reviewed by the state CFR team has remained consistent. It should be noted the statewide CFR team reviews all child fatalities and firearm injuries to children not resulting in a fatality are excluded from this data (see Figure 8). Despite these cases not being referred to the panel for review, firearm safety and safe storage remains a critical issue. Currently, DCBS SOP C2.8 requires CPS workers to assess homes for safe storage of medications; the panel recommends adding a separate guideline within this SOP specifically addressing safe firearm storage assessments. A standardized checklist could assist CPS workers in completing these assessments consistently.



Additionally, the HANDS (Health Access Nurturing Development Services) program guidelines contain relevant firearm safety information that should be prominently incorporated into DCBS practice, rather than included merely as a supplemental resource within the SOP. Elevating this guidance would ensure frontline staff are equipped to address firearm safety proactively during family contacts and safety planning.

A new and alarming issue that has come to the panel's attention is infant deaths related to Vitamin K Deficiency Bleeding (VKDB). VKDB occurs when an infant cannot stop bleeding because their blood does not have enough vitamin K to form a clot.<sup>14</sup> According to the American Academy of Pediatrics (AAP), intramuscular administration of vitamin K for prevention of VKDB has been the standard of care since 1961.<sup>15</sup> Healthcare professionals recommend all newborns receive a vitamin K injection at birth, as infants who do not receive this injection are **81 times** more likely to develop late VKDB, which can occur without warning up to six months of age and may result in life-threatening brain hemorrhage or death. The panel reviewed cases in which parental refusal of vitamin K resulted in the infant's death or near death. Parental refusal has become increasingly common, often due to disinformation on social media and misunderstanding the risks involved. The panel recommends enhanced education efforts across multiple fronts: CPS central intake staff should receive training on the risks associated with vitamin K deficiency to appropriately screen these reports; medical providers and midwives should be required to report parental refusal of vitamin K to CPS; and the importance of vitamin K administration should be incorporated into parenting education programs during prenatal medical visits. Increased awareness and education are essential to preventing future fatalities in this emerging area of concern.

# DEPARTMENT FOR COMMUNITY BASED SERVICES

NF-141-24-C

This case involved the near fatal overdose/ingestion of amphetamine and methamphetamine in a two-year-old child. The mother admitted to allowing the child to drink from a cup that contained “bong water”. The family was living in a hotel and the father admitted to smoking methamphetamine daily. During the course of the investigation, a new referral was received on the family which was screened out. The investigative social service worker did not visit the home until three months after the incident, and then again two months after that date. There were gaps in face-to-face contacts with the ongoing worker, including a three-month gap in face-to-face home visits. Reasons for gaps or delays were not noted in the record.

## Recommendations:

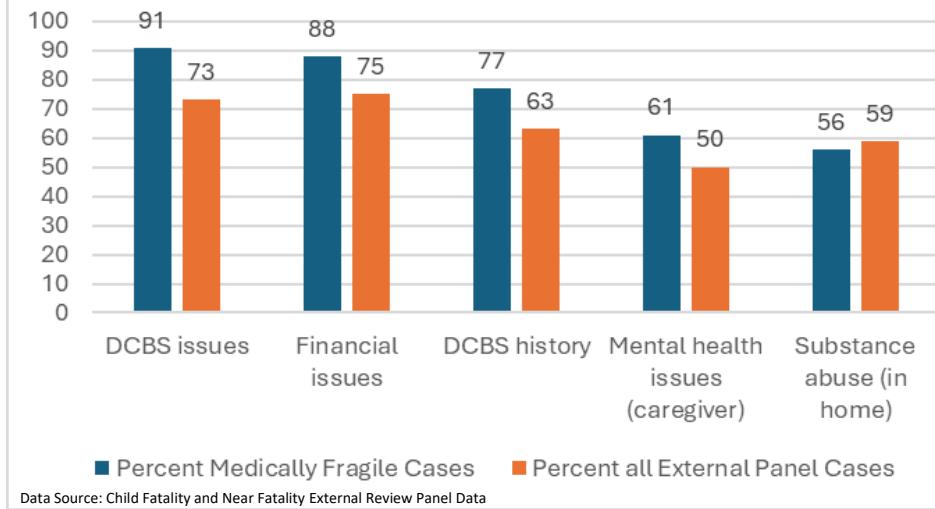
- 1.) The Department for Community Based Services should implement the practice of uploading supervisory consults into the TWIST system to assist in addressing gaps in services/contacts and reasons for these delays or gaps. This measure would also assist other staff, as well as newly assigned staff, in gathering information and needs for the case. In addition, the supervisory consults should be shared with the panel and included in the list of records provided to the panel under SOP C2.13.
- 2.) The Department for Community Based Services should add a separate guideline within SOP C2.8 to specifically address safe firearm storage assessments. A standardized checklist could assist CPS workers in completing these assessments consistently and should be prominently incorporated into DCBS practice, rather than included merely as a supplemental resource within the SOP.
- 3.) The Kentucky Board of Nursing through the Licensed Certified Professional Midwife (CPM) program, should develop a standardized protocol which includes the importance of vitamin K within parenting education and pre-natal medical visits.
- 4.) The Department for Community Based Services should include a parent’s refusal of the vitamin K shot at birth as part of the medical neglect criteria in SOP C2.3.

## MEDICALLY COMPLEX CHILDREN

The panel defines a medically fragile child as any child with a complex medical condition, including but not exclusive to, medical conditions that could rapidly deteriorate resulting in permanent injury or death. Hereafter, this population will be referred to as children with medical complexity (CMC).

In SFY 2024, the panel reviewed 43 cases involving CMC. The types of cases most commonly identified for CMC were Neglect (84%), Overdose/ingestion (26%), Physical abuse (23%) and Failure to thrive/malnutrition/starvation (combined 19%). It is also important to note half of the sexual abuse cases reviewed the panel involved a child with medical complexity. Characteristics such as DCBS issues, financial issues, DCBS history, and mental health issues were more prevalent in the CMC cases than all other cases reviewed by the panel (see Figure 9.) These findings align with national research on CMC cases.

Figure 9  
Most Commonly Identified Characteristics  
in CMC vs. All Panel Cases, SFY24



Two additional findings merit attention. Medical issues appeared in 44% of CMC cases, which is a significant proportion given these concerns fall primarily under the responsibility of healthcare providers. Additionally, law enforcement related issues were identified in 26% of CMC cases, reinforcing the need for training extending beyond any single profession to include any systems interacting with at-risk families.

While CMC comprise only approximately 1-5% of the pediatric population, they account for up to one-third of all pediatric health care spending. These children typically require care from numerous service providers across multiple disciplines, including primary care physicians, pediatric medical subspecialists, surgical specialists, home nurses, rehabilitative and habilitative therapists, and community-based services.

Research consistently demonstrates children with medical complexity face significantly elevated risks of maltreatment compared to the general pediatric population. Studies indicate children with disabilities are approximately 2-4 times more likely to experience abuse and neglect than children without disabilities.<sup>16</sup>

## MEDICALLY COMPLEX CHILDREN

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### Research documents types and patterns of maltreatment:

- Neglect is the most common form of substantiated maltreatment, followed by physical abuse, sexual abuse, and emotional abuse.
- Many CMC experience multiple types of maltreatment simultaneously.
- CMC typically endure longer periods of maltreatment (often years) before identification.
- Children with multiple medical disabilities experience the most severe forms of abuse and neglect.
- Over half (53%) of abused children in studies were under 4 years old when maltreatment was first identified.<sup>17</sup>

The inherent vulnerability of CMC stems from the nature of their disabilities. Severe functional limitations and limited or no mobility prevent children from physically escaping perpetrators. Communication impairments prevent disclosure of maltreatment, and intellectual disabilities impair insight into abusive or neglectful actions. CMC may be perceived as having higher pain tolerance, leading to harmful physical actions. Their high dependency on others may foster excessive compliance and diminished understanding of offender motives, particularly regarding sexual abuse.<sup>18</sup>

Caregivers of CMC face tremendous physical, psychological, and economic burdens. Research shows caregivers spend up to 20 hours per week providing direct home care plus additional hours coordinating services. Compared to caregivers of children with less complex needs, caregivers of CMC are nearly 30 times more likely to need to stop working and 11 times more likely to report delays in care due to costs.

Specific caregiver risk factors associated with child welfare involvement include:

- Mental health issues (anxiety, depression, difficulty coping)
- Chronic medical conditions or physical limitations
- History of interpersonal violence or trauma
- Single-parent household status
- Sleep deprivation from round-the-clock care demands
- Limited social and community support networks<sup>19</sup>

The interface between child welfare and healthcare systems present both opportunities and challenges for protecting CMC.<sup>20</sup> Medical providers serve as mandated reporters and often have frequent contact with these families, increasing the likelihood of identifying concerns. However, there are factors which complicate this intersection.

The more medically complex the patient, the more elusive the diagnosis of maltreatment may be. Distinguishing between symptoms of underlying conditions and indicators of abuse or neglect requires specialized expertise. Effective care for CMC requires specialized training across multiple professional groups and settings.

Pediatric residency, postgraduate, and continuing education should include standardized learning modules specific to CMC management - covering nutrition, development and function, care coordination, technology management, telehealth, coordinated handoffs, and patient- and family-centered care. Training should emphasize a whole-child approach with attention to how conditions interact with environmental and personal modifiers.

## **MEDICALLY COMPLEX CHILDREN**

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Programs such as the Medically Complex Training Program at the University of Kentucky provide specialized training for foster and adoptive parents, nurses, and social workers caring for children with complex medical needs. These programs emphasize medically complex children require higher levels of commitment and care, with a focus on child safety.<sup>21</sup> It is unclear if this resource is being utilized by DCBS for staff training regarding investigation and case management. During the panel's review of these cases there was documentation of DCBS workers reporting they did not feel they had the knowledge needed to perform their duties as it involved CMC and maltreatment. Child welfare staff need education on the complex nature of CMC and their health care needs, including the importance of essential medications and follow-up care. In some cases reviewed, DCBS did not obtain child abuse specialist consults despite the complexity of these cases. Child welfare investigators should be encouraged to consult with a child abuse pediatrician at either of Kentucky's pediatric forensic medicine programs when investigating cases involving medically complex children as best practice by DCBS and for the best outcomes.

The medical home concept serves as the foundation for optimal care of CMC, emphasizing care which is accessible, family-centered, continuous, comprehensive, coordinated, compassionate, and culturally effective.

### **Key components of comprehensive care:**

- A designated care coordinator who serves as the identified contact for CMC and their families
- A consistent medical provider able to perform medical home functions
- Patient registries to proactively identify and manage CMC
- Care plans jointly developed by families and providers
- Continuous access to knowledgeable providers via phone, telehealth, or secure online access
- Integration of palliative care services from the time of diagnosis, not reserved for end of life

Recognizing children are best helped by helping their caregivers, multilevel support services are essential to decrease caregiving burden and increase coping capacity. Healthcare providers should routinely screen caregivers for physical and mental health status, parenting stress, social support, exposure to violence and trauma, and other risk factors. This normalizes struggles and systematically identifies those requiring more intensive clinical assessment and treatment.

Effective prevention and intervention strategies must include comprehensive team-based care centered on the medical home model, robust training programs for all professionals involved in CMC care, support services for caregivers to prevent burnout and strengthen families, and policy reforms to ensure adequate resources and appropriate payment models. By recognizing the unique vulnerabilities and needs of CMC and their families, systems can work together to protect these children and promote their health, development, and well-being.<sup>22</sup>

### **Recommendations:**

- 1.) The Department for Community Based Services should enhance current Standards of Practice (SOP C7.21) to include the use of Regional Nurse Consultants, as well enhance current SOP C2.8 Investigation Protocol to include Practice Guidance for CMC. Practice Guidance should include, but not be exclusive of, Regional Nurse consultation and development of a resource for workers to reference for additional information.

## MEDICALLY COMPLEX CHILDREN

### Recommendations Continued:

- 2.) The Department for Community Based Services should enhance current Standards of Practice (SOP C2.19) Pediatric Forensic Medicine Consultations to include cases involving medically complex children as a priority to pediatric forensics, following regional nurse consultation, to ensure reserving this specialty for necessary cases.
- 3.) The Department for Community Based Services, in collaboration with the University of Kentucky Social Work training center (or other appropriate entity), should develop and implement a comprehensive, standardized training curriculum on medically complex children for child welfare workers. This training should include initial certification and annual continuing education, to include topics of defining medical neglect, caregiver burden assessments, distinguishing symptoms from abuse/neglect indicators, and working alongside medical care teams.
- 4.) The Office for Children with Special Health Care Needs, in collaboration with the Department for Public Health, Department for Medicaid Service, and the Kentucky Hospital Association, should develop a statewide patient registry to enable coordinated care across systems and assist in early identification of at-risk families. This would include developing standardized criteria for identification based on diagnosis, creating data sharing agreements, and implementing flags in the registry to identify multiple risk factors for maltreatment. Implementation of such a system should require annual reporting on trends, child welfare involvement rates, and outcomes.

NF-060-24-C

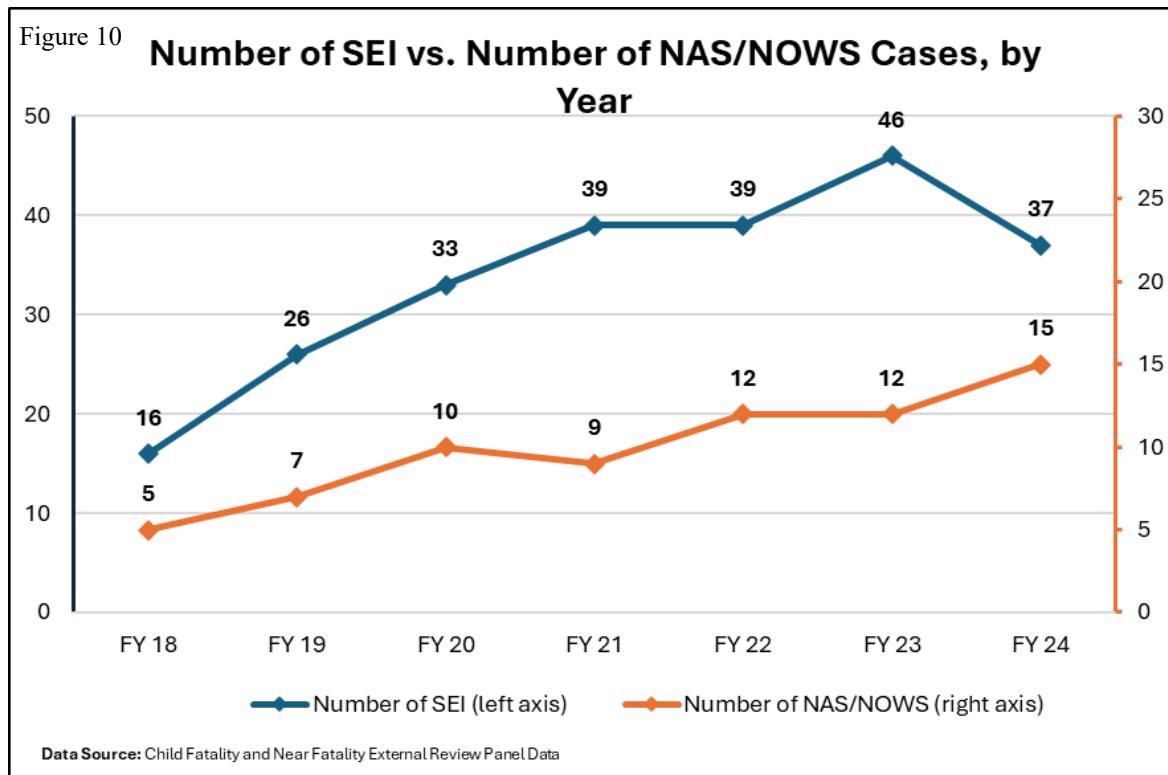
This case involved the near fatality of an 8-year-old child resulting from medical neglect, hygiene neglect, supervision neglect, malnutrition, and sexual abuse. The child was cared for primarily by mother, who resided with paternal relatives of child, due to ongoing domestic violence issues with the father. Paternal relatives denied caring for the child, advising the child was isolated in a back bedroom with the door kept shut. Maternal grandparents reported being concerned for the care of the child due to the child's physical condition a few months prior and mother's reported substance use. No reports were made to authorities by family prior to this event. Injuries/illness included severe starvation, weighing 22 pounds, the average weight of a 17-month-old, as well as severe pressure ulcers that had eroded to the bone, kidney stones, acute kidney injury, extensive dental decay, and severe joint contractures in all extremities. Child was later found to have chlamydia, pneumonia, pelvic abscess, and refeeding syndrome due to the prolonged starvation. Mother and father were charged with Criminal Abuse 1<sup>st</sup> Degree and father was also charged with Rape 1<sup>st</sup> and Incest, Sexual Abuse 1<sup>st</sup>, 2 counts.

According to records, the child had not been seen by any medical provider for 18 months, missing multiple appointments despite complex diagnoses and had not received any in-home services since the age of 3 year. DCBS had screened out a report with concerns for neglect and skin breakdown, missing an opportunity for intervention, and the medical community did not implement a follow-up mechanism when child ceased attending appointments.

This case demonstrates the need for a monitoring system for medically complex children, as well as a need for training and improved coordination amongst professionals.

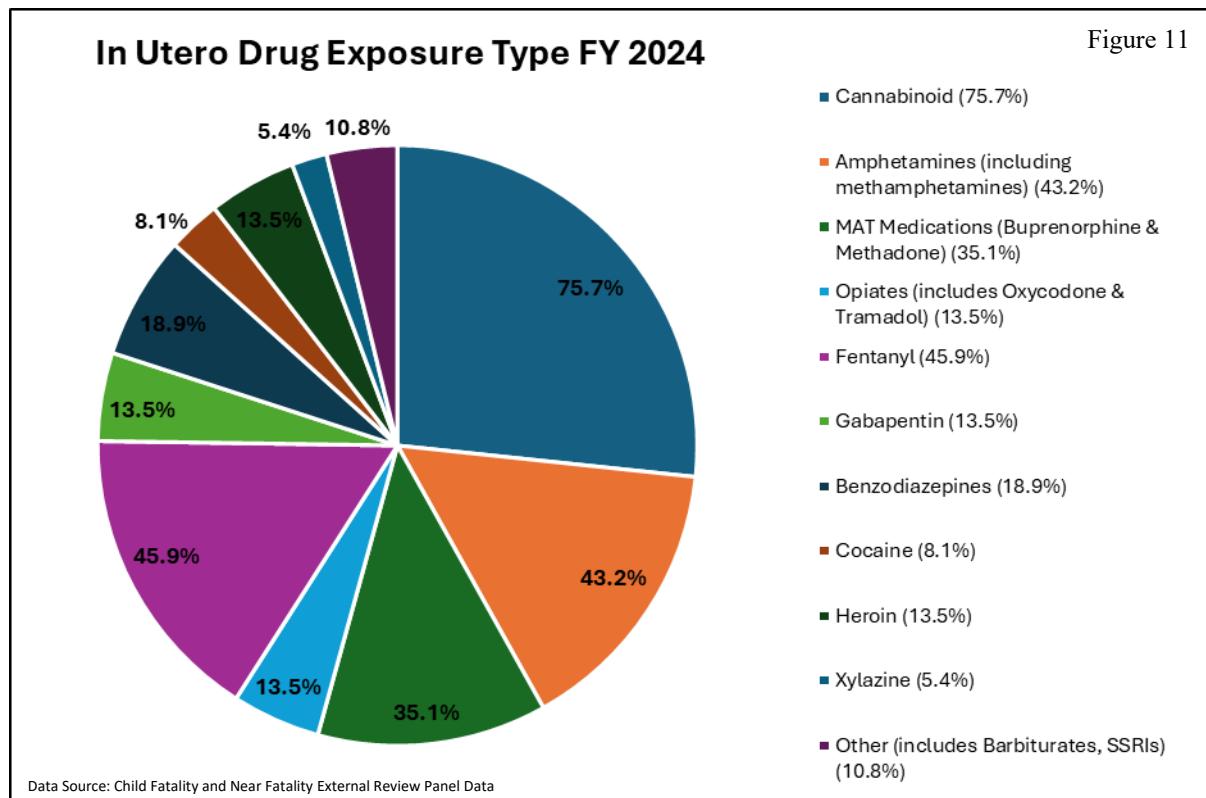
## PLAN OF SAFE CARE

As discussed in prior reports, the Plan of Safe Care (POSC) is a federally mandated practice designed to ensure the safety and well-being of an infant with prenatal substance exposure by addressing the health and substance use treatment needs of *both* the infant and affected family or caregiver.<sup>23</sup> As shown in Figure 10, the panel noted a slight decrease in Substance Exposed Infants (SEI), yet a slight increase in those infants diagnosed with Neonatal Opioid Withdrawal Syndrome (NAS/NOWS). Similarly, the Kentucky Public Health Neonatal Abstinence Syndrome (NAS) Reporting Registry also reported a slight decrease. In 2024, they reported 741 cases versus 792 cases reported in 2023.<sup>24</sup>



The panel continues to collect data regarding the type of drug involved in the prenatal exposure. This data is based on the child testing positive for substance at delivery, drug screens administered to the mother, or through self-report. Figure 11 shows the percentage of in utero drug exposure types documented in SFY24. **It's important to note the panel is reporting an almost 30% increase of in utero cannabinoid exposure.** It is often noted during case reviews, mothers using cannabis to treat nausea and vomiting during pregnancy. According to the American Academy of Family Physicians there is no known safe amount of cannabis use during pregnancy. Medical providers need to continue to counsel patients about the potential health effects of in utero exposure, which may include low birth weight.<sup>25</sup> As documented in panel cases, 24% of substance exposed infants were premature.

## PLAN OF SAFE CARE



While the panel continues to advocate for a robust plan of safe care, Kentucky has made steps in improving their continuum of care. The Kentucky Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental, and Intellectual Disabilities (DBHDID), Plan of Safe Care Initiative is a coordinated, collaborative approach utilizing the Regional Community Mental Health Centers. As part of this program, each region meets monthly with community partners to engage and support the specific needs of the families affected by substance use disorder.<sup>26</sup> In addition, the Department for Community Based Services has a comprehensive policy to address the plan of safe care regarding substance exposed infants reported to CPS. SOP C3.9 includes referring the family to services such as, Kentucky Strengthening Ties and Empowering Parents (KSTEP), Sobriety Treatment and Recovery Team (START), Health Access Nurturing Development Services (HANDS) and KY-Moms MATR (Maternal Assistance Towards Recovery). The policy requires the safety and/or prevention plan includes specific steps related to the caregiver's *high-risk* behaviors and encourages a release of information be obtained by treatment providers. Unfortunately, in the majority of the cases reviewed by the panel this policy is not consistently followed. As cannabinoid use has become more prevalent, concerns have been noted that THC use may not consistently be considered high-risk behavior. DCBS should ensure all substance exposed infants, regardless of the type of substance, are being referred to services in accordance with policy.

DCBS SOP G1.16 Working with Families Affected by Substance Misuse procedure encourages the worker to request a signed release of information for treatment providers. However, this is not often obtained in cases reviewed by the panel. The release of information is imperative to ensure the parent's compliance with the program and to ensure the child's safety in the home. DBHDID and DCBS should collaborate with service providers during the monthly POSC meetings to create a standardized release of information for clients with ongoing CPS involvement. This will eliminate the burden from the client having to obtain the release, sign it, and return it to DCBS.

## PLAN OF SAFE CARE

Lack of HARDS referral continues to be an ongoing concern noted by the panel. The HARDS program is a voluntary home visitation program that provides services from pregnancy and up to three years of age.<sup>27</sup> Prior to the pandemic, HARDS providers were meeting with families at the birth hospitals and educating them on services provided. Post pandemic, this practice does not appear to happen consistently across the state. Allowing HARDS representatives face-to-face contact with families may increase enrollment rates and ensure wrap-around services post discharge.

### Recommendations:

- 1.) The Kentucky Perinatal Quality Collaborative (KyPQC) should include a keynote address in the 2026 Kentucky Symposium for Maternal and Infant Outcomes on the Plan of Safe Care. The keynote should encourage prenatal care providers to participate in their local community's POSC and educate patients on the available community resources to support expecting mothers with substance use disorders.
- 2.) The Department for Behavioral Health, Developmental and Intellectual Disabilities, Plan of Safe Care program and DCBS should work with community treatment providers to develop a standardized release of information to reduce the burden on clients.
- 3.) The Department for Community Based Services should encourage staff to continue to treat THC use as a high-risk behavior and follow policy accordingly.
- 4.) HARDS should work with the Kentucky Hospital Association to create a partnership that allows a HARDS representative to engage with the family at the birthing hospital.

F-004-24-C

This case involved the fatal overdose/ingestion of fentanyl in a 13-month-old child. At the time of the event the child resided with mother and six siblings. The child's postmortem toxicology was positive for 4-ANPP, a metabolite of fentanyl. Due to the positive screen, child abuse specialist recommended the surviving siblings be tested. Three of the siblings could not receive a hair toxicology due to not having enough hair to sample. The other three siblings all tested positive for fentanyl. All seven children had tested positive for an illicit substance at birth and were reported to CPS. Four of the seven children were positive for THC at birth. There was an active investigation at the time of the fatality due to the index child being born substance exposed. There was no Plan of Safe Care in place when this child was discharged from the hospital despite the mother's extensive substance use history.

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## DEMOGRAPHICS

### COUNTY OF INCIDENT

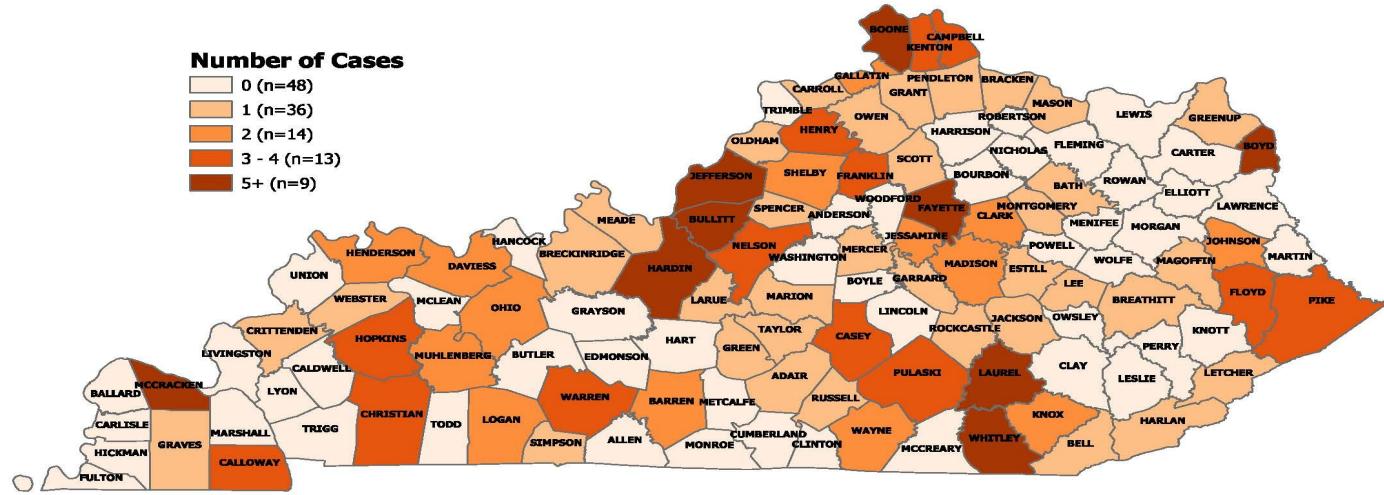
SharePoint allows the panel to track demographic information for each case reviewed. The county data shows fatal and near fatal events due to child abuse and neglect occur throughout every region of the Commonwealth. The chart below indicates the number of cases per county of incident. State Fiscal Years 2014 through 2023 have been combined, please refer to previous Annual Reports for a complete breakdown.

**County of Incident Among All Cases Reviewed in SFY 14-23 and SFY24**

County	Combined SFY 14-23	SFY 2024	County	Combined SFY 14-23	SFY 2024	County	Combined SFY 14-23	SFY 2024
Adair	13	1	Graves	9	1	Menifee	4	0
Allen	5	0	Grayson	12	0	Mercer	5	1
Anderson	9	0	Green	5	1	Metcalf	4	0
Ballard	3	0	Greenup	8	1	Monroe	4	0
Barren	15	2	Hancock	4	0	Montgomery	4	1
Bath	5	1	Hardin	53	7	Morgan	7	0
Bell	16	1	Harlan	11	1	Muhlenberg	8	2
Boone	35	7	Harrison	9	0	Nelson	15	3
Bourbon	3	0	Hart	3	0	Nicholas	2	0
Boyd	24	7	Henderson	25	2	Ohio	9	2
Boyle	9	0	Henry	6	3	Oldham	9	1
Bracken	1	1	Hickman	2	0	Out of State	0	1
Breathitt	2	1	Hopkins	16	4	Owen	8	1
Breckinridge	10	1	Jackson	2	1	Owsley	4	0
Bullitt	25	9	Jefferson	407	74	Pendleton	9	1
Butler	3	0	Jessamine	10	2	Perry	6	0
Caldwell	5	0	Johnson	3	2	Pike	16	4
Calloway	8	3	Kenton	45	4	Powell	7	0
Campbell	20	4	Knott	4	0	Pulaski	21	3
Carlisle	2	0	Knox	25	2	Robertson	1	0
Carroll	9	1	Larue	12	1	Rockcastle	6	1
Carter	3	0	Laurel	33	6	Rowan	4	0
Casey	7	3	Lawrence	6	0	Russell	4	1
Christian	28	3	Lee	2	1	Scott	17	1
Clark	13	2	Leslie	4	0	Shelby	14	2
Clay	19	0	Letcher	3	1	Simpson	6	1
Clinton	4	0	Lewis	4	0	Spencer	3	1
Crittenden	2	1	Lincoln	8	0	Taylor	9	1
Cumberland	1	0	Livingston	2	0	Todd	7	0
Daviess	54	2	Logan	9	2	Trigg	7	0
Edmonson	3	0	Madison	23	2	Trimble	8	0
Estill	4	1	Magoffin	2	1	Union	7	0
Fayette	74	17	Marion	13	1	Warren	36	3
Fleming	4	0	Marshall	11	0	Washington	5	0
Floyd	6	3	Martin	3	0	Wayne	6	2
Franklin	26	4	Mason	11	1	Webster	7	1
Fulton	1	0	McCracken	16	8	Whitley	17	5
Gallatin	2	2	McCreary	8	0	Wolfe	2	0
Garrard	3	1	McLean	1	0	Woodford	7	0
Grant	10	1	Meade	14	1	<b>Total Cases</b>	<b>1,645</b>	<b>248</b>

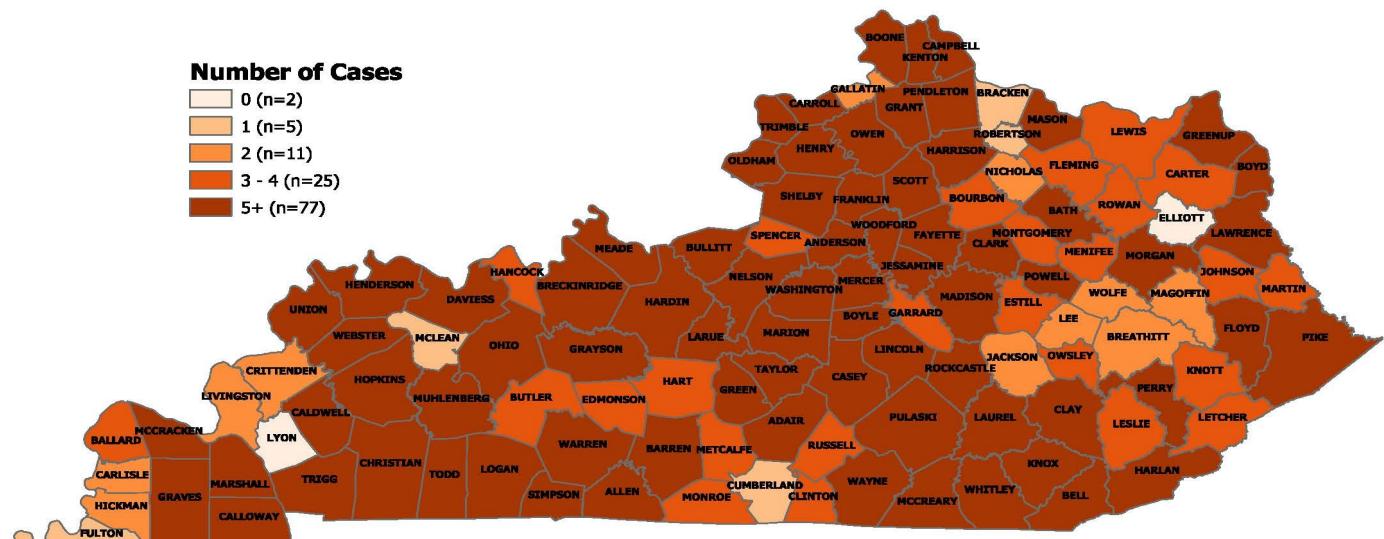
## COUNTY OF INCIDENT

### Cases Reviewed by County of Incident 2024



Prepared January 2026.  
Data Source: Child Fatality Near Fatality External Review Panel  
248 total cases for the fiscal year 2024.

### Cases Reviewed by County of Incident 2014-2023



Prepared January 2026.  
Data Source: Child Fatality Near Fatality External Review Panel  
1,645 total cases for the fiscal years 2014-2023.

## DEMOGRAPHICS

### Gender of All Index Children Reviewed SFY 2020—2024

Gender	2020		2021		2022		2023		2024	
	# Cases	Percent								
Male	110	55%	124	58%	111	55%	119	54%	132	53%
Female	90	45%	91	42%	91	45%	100	46%	116	47%
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>		<b>215</b>		<b>202</b>		<b>219</b>		<b>248</b>	

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

### Race of All Index Children Reviewed SFY 2020—2024

Race	2020		2021		2022		2023		2024	
	# Cases	Percent	# Cases	Percent	# Cases	Percent	# Cases	Percent	# Cases	Percent
Black	35	18%	43	20%	40	20%	60	27%	62	25%
White	144	72%	142	66%	128	63%	138	63%	165	67%
Asian	1	<1%	0	0	1	<1%	2	1%	0	0%
Biracial	16	10%	26	12%	30	15%	15	7%	9	3%
Pacific Islander					1	1%	0	0%	0	0
Other	4	<1%	4	2%	2	1%	4	2%	12	5%
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>		<b>215</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>100%</b>

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

### Ethnicity of All Index Children Reviewed SFY 2020—2024

Ethnicity	2020		2021		2022		2023		2024	
	# Cases	Percent								
Hispanic	10	5%	8	4%	13	6%	17	8%	16	6%
Non-Hispanic	190	95%	193	90%	173	86%	184	84%	225	91%
Unknown			14	0.06	16	8%	18	8%	7	3%
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>215</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>100%</b>

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

## DEMOGRAPHICS

The panel has continuously found children four years of age or younger are at higher risk for a fatal/near fatal event due to child maltreatment. Since 2014, 76% of all cases reviewed by the panel were children four years or younger. Prevention efforts should continue to target these higher risk age groups.

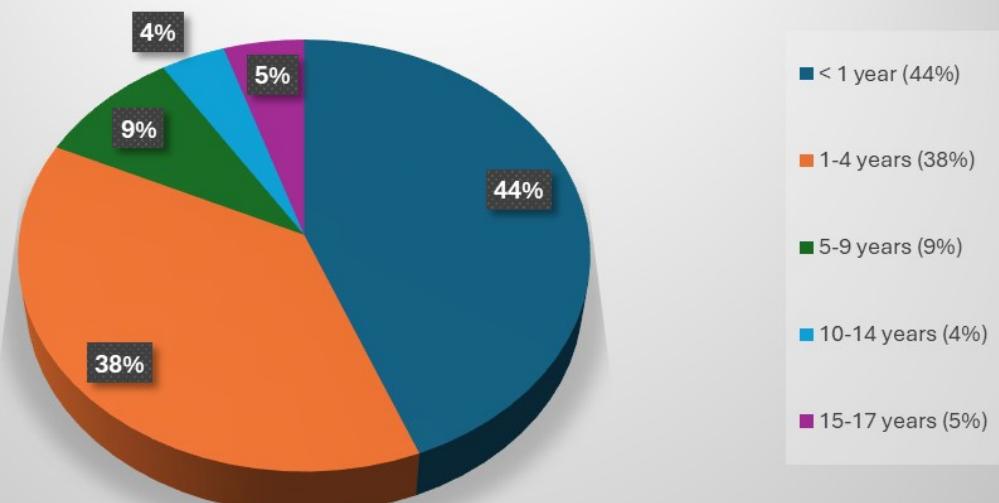
**Age of Child Victim in All Cases Reviewed**

State Fiscal Years 2020—2024

Age	2020		2021		2022		2023		2024	
	# Case	Percent								
< 1 year	63	31%	70	33%	69	34%	78	36%	110	44%
1-4 years	75	37%	73	34%	82	41%	87	40%	95	38%
5-9 years	24	12%	25	12%	22	11%	16	7%	22	9%
10-14 years	20	10%	29	13%	21	10%	22	10%	9	4%
15-17 years	18	10%	18	8%	8	4%	16	7%	12	5%
Total	200		215		202		219		248	

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

**AGE OF CHILD VICTIM IN ALL CASES  
REVIEWED: SFY 2024 n= 248**



Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

## FINDINGS AND DETERMINATIONS

The panel designates the categorization or type of case, identifies the family characteristics associated with the fatality or near fatality, and makes a final determination of whether abuse or neglect exists and its type. The following pages provide findings specific to state fiscal year 2024 (SFY24) case reviews. Each case may encompass multiple categories and findings.

### Final Categorization All Cases SFY24

**n= 248**

Category	Fatalities	Near Fatalities	Total
Neglect	57	137	194
Overdose/ingestion	11	87	98
Physical Abuse	13	42	55
Abusive Head Trauma	3	25	28
Natural Causes\medical diagnosis	9	10	19
SUDI	16	2	18
Other	9	5	14
Drowning\near drowning	10	3	13
Failure to Thrive	4	6	10
Blunt Force Trauma-not inflicted	1	6	7
Gunshot accidental	6	2	8
Burn	3	2	5
Sexual abuse/human trafficking	1	3	4
Suicide Child	0	3	3
Gunshot (homicide)	3	0	3
Smoke inhalation/fire	3	0	3
Undetermined	2	0	2
Blunt Force Trauma-not inflicted MVC	1	0	1

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

\*Cases may be captured in more than one category. "Other" includes Filicide (2), Asphyxia (which may include positional and mechanical) (5), and Malnutrition/Starvation (7). MVC indicates motor vehicle collision.

## KEY FINDINGS SFY24

- The most commonly found family characteristics in a fatality/near fatality in order of precedence for SFY24 cases reviewed:
  - Financial Issues (75%)
  - DCBS Issues (73%)
  - DCBS history (63%)
  - Substance abuse (in home) (55%)
  - Substance abuse (caregiver) (54%)
  - Environmental neglect (52%)
- Neglect (general) was the most common panel determination.
- 91% of all Overdose/ingestion cases involved environmental neglect.
- 82% of all cases reviewed involved a child four (4) years of age or younger.
- 46% of all cases with a panel determination of Neglect (medical) involved an overdose/ingestion case.
- 71% of Abusive Head Trauma cases involved substance abuse by the caregiver.
- 50% of the sexual abuse cases involved a medically fragile child.
- 69% of all Drowning/near-drowning cases involved a caregiver with a mental health issue.
- 82% of all Physical abuse cases involved a family with financial issues.

### Panel Determinations All Cases SFY24

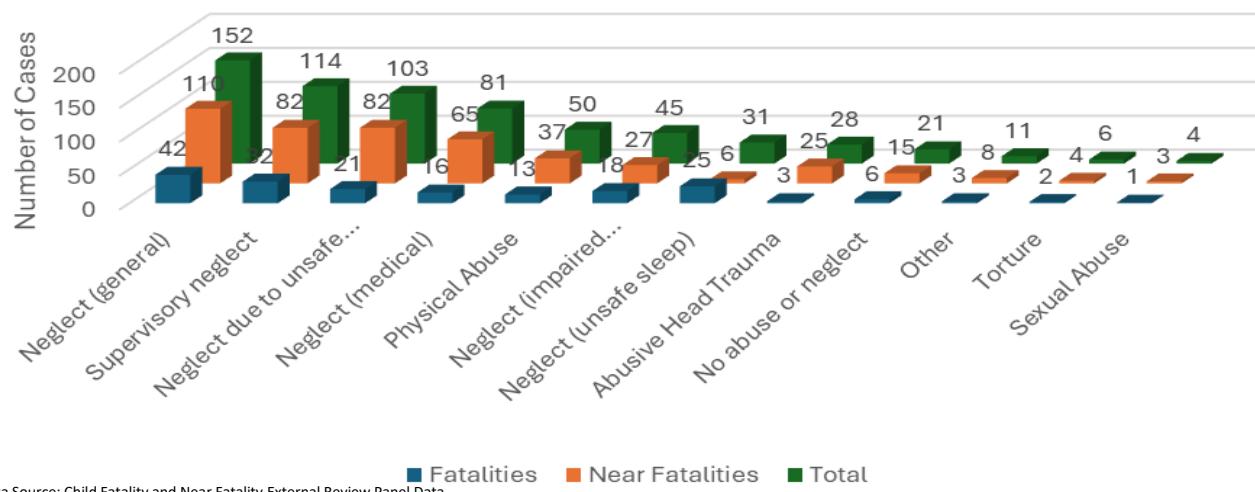
Panel Determinations	Fatalities	Near Fatalities	Total
Neglect (general)	42	110	152
Supervisory neglect	32	82	114
Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means	21	82	103
Neglect (medical)	16	65	81
Physical Abuse	13	37	50
Neglect (impaired caregiver)	18	27	45
Neglect (unsafe sleep)	25	6	31
Abusive Head Trauma	3	25	28
No abuse or neglect	6	15	21
Other	3	8	11
Torture	2	4	6
Sexual Abuse	1	3	4

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

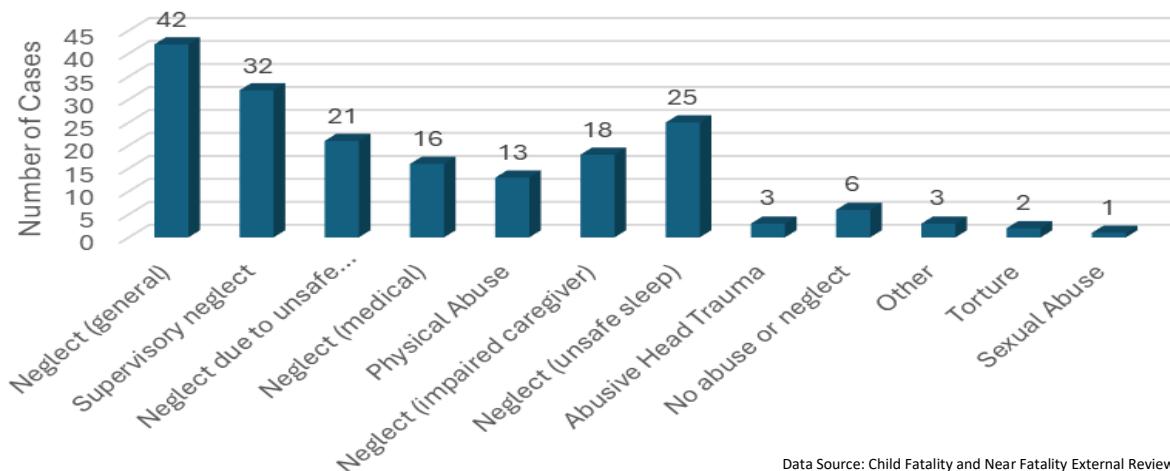
\*Cases may be represented in multiple categories. Other includes Filicide (1), Starvation/Malnutrition (8), Psychological maltreatment (1), and Factitious disorder (FDIA) (1).

## Findings Specific to Fiscal Year 2024

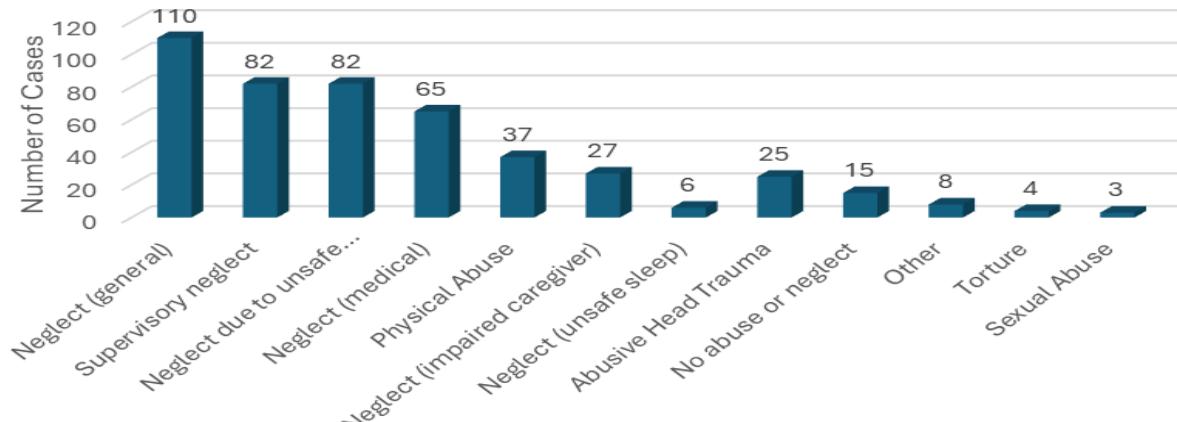
### Panel Determinations SFY24 (n=248)



### Panel Determinations of All Fatalities SFY24 (n=72)



### Panel Determinations of All Near Fatalities SFY24 (n=176)



Family Characteristics	Fatality	Near Fatality	Total
Financial Issues	58	128	186
DCBS Issues	52	130	182
DCBS History	48	108	156
Substance abuse (in home)	44	102	146
Substance abuse (caregiver)	40	95	135
Environmental neglect	35	93	128
Supervisional neglect	38	88	126
Mental Health issues (caregiver)	43	80	123
Domestic Violence	39	74	113
Criminal history (in the home)	42	68	110
Criminal History (caregiver)	39	71	110
Unsafe access to deadly means	21	87	108
Medical neglect	21	68	89
Lack of treatment (mental health or substance)	31	53	84
Medical issues/management	16	47	63
Bystander issues/opportunities	28	35	63
Housing Instability	19	41	60
Law Enforcement Issues	16	40	56
Impaired caregiver (any indication)	20	33	53
Other	15	31	46
Medically Fragile child	10	33	43
Overwhelmed caregiver	13	22	35
Education/childcare issues	8	26	34
Mental Health issues (child)	6	25	31
Neglectful Entrustment	16	15	31
Serial Relationships	11	20	31
Coroner Issues	29	0	29
Substitute caregiver at the time of event	12	17	29
Statutory Issues	16	12	28
MAT involvement	11	17	28
Judicial process	10	16	26
Unsafe sleep (bed sharing)	12	9	21
Family Violence	8	12	20
Lack of Family Support System	4	14	18
Out of State CPS history	6	12	18
Cognitive disability (child)	4	11	15
Unsafe sleep (other)	10	5	15
Language/Cultural Issues	2	12	14
Commonwealth/County Attorney issues	5	9	14
Cognitive disability (caregiver)	2	12	14
Substance abuse (child)	6	7	13
Evidence of poor bonding	3	9	12
Lack of regular child care	2	10	12
Failure to Thrive	4	6	10
In-home Service Provider Issues	3	5	8
Unsafe sleep (co-sleeping/non-bed surface)	7	0	7
Perinatal depression (caregiver)	1	3	4
Lack of sleep plan	2	1	3
Deployment/redeployment in household	1	1	2

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

## Findings Specific to Fiscal Year 2024

The chart below shows the number of cases for which the finding included circumstances that made the incident potentially preventable. Of the 72 cases involving a child fatality, the panel determined that 86% of those fatalities were potentially preventable. Among the near fatality cases, 80% were determined to be potentially preventable. Overall, the panel found 81% of these incidents may have been prevented.

**Potentially Preventable Fatalities and Near Fatalities SFY24**  
**n = 248**

	# of Cases	Total	Percent
Fatalities	62	72	<b>86%</b>
Near Fatalities	140	176	<b>80%</b>
Total	202	248	<b>81%</b>

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

## Most Common Category Among Cases with a Panel Determination of Neglect (general) (n = 152)

Category	# of Cases	% Cases
Neglect	151	99%
Overdose/ingestion	85	56%
Physical abuse	35	23%
Abusive Head Trauma	17	11%
Other	12	8%
Failure to Thrive	10	7%
SUDI/near-SUDI/Brief Resolved Unexplained Event	9	6%
Drowning/near-drowning	8	5%
Gunshot	7	5%
Sexual abuse	4	3%

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

## Findings Specific to Fiscal Year 2024

### Most Common Family Characteristics Identified in Fatal/Near Fatal Cases with a Panel Categorization of Neglect (n=194)

Family Characteristics	# of Cases	% of Cases
Financial Issues	157	81%
DCBS Issues	157	81%
DCBS History	139	72%
Substance abuse (in home)	135	70%
Substance abuse (caregiver)	126	65%
Environmental neglect	125	64%
Supervisional neglect	121	62%
Mental Health issues (caregiver)	110	57%
Unsafe access to deadly means	107	55%
Domestic Violence	101	52%
Criminal history (in the home)	97	50%
Criminal History (caregiver)	96	49%
Medical neglect	83	43%
Lack of treatment (mental health or substance)	77	40%
Bystander issues/opportunities	59	30%
Housing Instability	57	29%
Medical issues/management	54	28%
Law Enforcement Issues	52	27%
Impaired caregiver (any indication)	52	27%
Other	40	21%
Medically Fragile child	36	19%

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

\*Cases may be represented in multiple categories. Other includes multi-jurisdictional investigation (1), lack of transportation (28), out of state hospital - lack of warm handoff (1), recalled sleeper (1), malnutrition/starvation (9), DOC (1), emotional abuse/psychological maltreatment (2), statutory timelines not followed (1), lack of interpreter (1), daycare concerns not addressed (1), and lack of parental education regarding use of

## Findings Specific to Fiscal Year 2024

### Most Common Family Characteristics Identified in Fatal/Near Fatal Cases with a Panel Categorization of Overdose/ingestion (n=98)

Family Characteristics	# of Cases	% of Cases
Environmental neglect	89	91%
Unsafe access to deadly means	87	89%
DCBS Issues	80	82%
Financial Issues	78	80%
Substance abuse (in home)	76	78%
DCBS History	71	72%
Supervisional neglect	70	71%
Substance abuse (caregiver)	69	70%
Criminal history (in the home)	56	57%
Mental Health issues (caregiver)	55	56%
Criminal History (caregiver)	54	55%
Domestic Violence	52	53%
Medical neglect	40	41%
Lack of treatment (mental health or substance)	38	39%
Law Enforcement Issues	33	34%
Impaired caregiver (any indication)	26	27%
Medical issues/management	26	27%
Housing Instability	22	22%
Mental Health issues (child)	21	21%
Bystander issues/opportunities	20	20%
MAT involvement	16	16%

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel

\*Cases may be represented in multiple categories. Other includes lack of transportation (12) and malnutrition (1).

## Findings Specific to Fiscal Year 2024

### Most Common Family Characteristics Identified in Fatal/Near Fatal Cases with a Panel Categorization of Physical Abuse (n=55)

Family Characteristics	# of Cases	% of Cases
DCBS Issues	49	89%
Financial Issues	45	82%
DCBS History	40	72%
Substance abuse (in home)	37	67%
Substance abuse (caregiver)	35	64%
Domestic Violence	32	58%
Mental Health issues (caregiver)	31	56%
Medical neglect	31	56%
Criminal History (caregiver)	31	56%
Criminal history (in the home)	28	51%
Bystander issues/opportunities	25	45%
Lack of treatment (mental health or substance)	22	40%
Environmental neglect	19	35%
Supervisional neglect	18	33%
Other	17	31%
Medical issues/management	16	29%
Housing Instability	13	24%
Law Enforcement Issues	12	22%
Neglectful Entrustment	12	22%
Substitute caregiver at the time of event	12	22%
Impaired caregiver (any indication)	12	22%

Data Source: Child Fatality and Near Fatality External Review Panel Data

\*Cases may be represented in multiple categories. Other includes multi-jurisdictional investigation (1), lack of transportation (9), malnutrition/starvation (3), COVID (2), emotional abuse (1), statutory guideline not followed (1), lack of interpreter (1), and daycare concerns not addressed (1).

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## PANEL MEMBERS

Hon. Benjamin Harrison, Chair  
Lewis County Attorney

Senator Danny Carroll, District 2  
Senate Families and Children Committee Chair

Representative Samara Heavrin, District 18  
House Families and Children Committee Chair

Dr. Melissa Currie,  
Child Abuse Pediatrician  
Norton Children's Pediatric Protection Specialist  
Professor and Kosair for Kids Endowed Chair for  
Pediatric Forensic Medicine  
University of Louisville School of Medicine

Lesa Dennis, Commissioner  
Department for Community Based Services

Victoria Benge, Executive Director  
CASA of Madison and Clark Counties

Lieutenant Jonathan Murphy,  
Kentucky State Police

Dr. Jaime Pittenger Kirtley,  
Prevent Child Abuse Kentucky

Dr. Lyndsey Neese, Director  
Department for Public Health

Dr. Christina Howard, Child Abuse Pediatrician  
University of Kentucky Department of Pediatrics

Dr. William Ralston,  
Kentucky State Medical Examiner

Honorable Libby Messer,  
Fayette Family Court Judge

Heather McCarty, Regional Program Manager  
Family Resource and Youth Service Centers

Geoff Wilson,  
Association of Addiction Professionals

Brittany Nichols,  
Department for Public Health

Hon. Olivia McCollum, Assistant County Attorney  
Boone County Attorney's Office

Steve Shannon,  
Kentucky Association of Regional Programs, Inc.

Dr. Danielle Anderson, Assistant Professor of Psychiatry  
Supportive Mental Health and Addiction Recovery  
Treatment

Dr. Elizabeth Salt,  
Citizen Foster Care Review Board

Mark Hammond,  
President, Kentucky Coroners' Association

Olivia Spradlin, Senior Program Specialist  
ZeroV

Nikki Smith Abbott, LCSW  
Astra Behavioral Health, LLC

## MEMBERS WHO LEFT THE PANEL IN 2025

Detective Jason Merlo,  
Kentucky State Police

Janice Bright, RN  
Department for Public Health

Dr. Henrietta Bada,  
Department for Public Health

Matt Belcher,  
Department for Public Health

## PANEL STAFF

Elisha Mahoney, Executive Staff Advisor  
Justice & Public Safety Cabinet

Cynthia Cursinger  
Pediatric Forensic Case Analyst

Cynthia Hildebrandt, Case Analyst  
Justice & Public Safety Cabinet

Jennifer Burke, Case Analyst  
Justice & Public Safety Cabinet

Logan McChesney, Administrative Specialist  
Justice & Public Safety Cabinet

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-001-24-C	Neglect	Drowning/near- drowning; Neglect	Coroner issues; DCBS issues; Supervisional issues; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Mental health issues (caregiver)	Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-002-24-NC	Neglect	Drowning/near- drowning; Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (child); Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-003-24-NC	trafficking	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Physical abuse; by caregiver (current); Sexual abuse/ human	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Criminal history (in the home); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS issues; Financial issues; Housing instability; Law enforcement issues; Neglectful entrustment; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Sexual abuse	Potentially preventable
		Medical neglect; Other	Supervisional neglect; Domestic Violence; Multi-jurisdictional investigation		

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-004-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Coroner issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Environmental neglect; Law enforcement issues; Statutory Issues; Supervisional neglect	Neglect (unsafe sleep); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Manner undetermined/foul play not ruled out; Potentially preventable	
F-005-24-NC	Gunshot (accidental); Neglect	Law enforcement issues; Unsafe access to deadly means; Environmental neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
F-006-24-NC	Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Impaired caregiver; Neglectful entrustment; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Environmental neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (child); Substitute caregiver at time of event	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Physical abuse	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
F-007-24-NC	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	Financial issues; Medical issues/management; Mental health issues (caregiver); Unsafe sleep (other)	Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-008-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	<p>Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current);</p> <p>Neglect; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (cosleeping on a non-bed surface); Judicial process issues; Coroner issues</p>		<p>Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect</p>	<p>Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable</p>
F-009-24-C	Gunshot (accidental); Neglect	<p>Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Coroner issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Statutory Issues; Supervisional neglect</p>		<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect</p>	<p>Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable</p>

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-010-24-C	event	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (caregiver); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Environmental neglect; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Criminal history (in the home); Medical issues/management; Neglect; Physical abuse; Medically fragile child; SUDI/near- SUDI/apparent life-threatening	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Physical abuse;	Manner undetermined/foul play not ruled out	
F-011-24-C	process issues	Lack of transportation	Supervisory neglect		
		Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of family support system ; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by Natural causes/ caregiver (current); medical diagnosis	Coroner issues; Medical issues/management	No abuse or neglect	Manner undetermined/foul play not ruled out

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-012-24-C	Gunshot (homicide); Physical abuse; Other	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Language/cultural issues; Substance abuse (child); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Family violence; DCBS history		Other; Physical abuse	Potentially preventable
F-013-24-NC	Drowning/near-drowning	DCBS issues; Financial issues; Statutory Issues; Supervisional neglect; Other	Other - lack of transportation	No abuse or neglect	
F-014-24-NC	Neglect; Gunshot (accidental)	Cognitive disability (child); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Bystander issues/ opportunities; Statutory Issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
F-015-24-C					

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-016-24-NC	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Financial issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Apparently Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	accidental; Potentially preventable
F-017-24-C	Blunt force trauma - not inflicted MVC; Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Law enforcement issues		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Potentially Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; preventable
F-018-24-C	Neglect; Physical abuse; Other	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Out of State CPS History; Physical abuse; Serial relationships; Coroner issues		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-019-24-NC	SUDI/near-SUDI/apparent event	Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substitute caregiver at life-threatening time of event ; Unsafe sleep (other)	Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
F-020-24-C	Gunshot (homicide)	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Other; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Mental health issues Physical abuse; (caregiver); Bystander issues/opportunities; Coroner issues	prior casework impacted by COVID restrictions	Physical abuse	
F-021-24-C	Gunshot (homicide); Physical abuse	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Other; Substance abuse (child); Substance abuse (in home); Bystander issues/ opportunities; Coroner issues; Mental health issues (caregiver)	prior casework impacted by COVID restrictions	Physical abuse	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-022-24-C	medical diagnosis	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse Natural causes/ by caregiver (current);	In-Home Service Provider Issues	No abuse or neglect	
F-023-24-C	Neglect; Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Neglectful entrustment; Out of State CPS History; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Coroner issues; Judicial process	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Torture	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-024-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	<p>Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; In-Home Service Provider Issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Out of State CPS History; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Serial relationships;</p> <p>Neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Other</p>	<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect</p> <p>Lack of transportation. (unsafe sleep)</p>	<p>Apparently accidental;</p> <p>Potentially preventable</p>	
F-025-24-C	Neglect; Undetermined (cause of death or near-death event); Failure to thrive/ malnutrition	<p>Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver;</p> <p>Neglect; Perinatal depression (caregiver); Cognitive disability (child); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Coroner issues; Other; Neglectful entrustment; Judicial process issues</p>	<p>Out of state hospital issues - lack of warm hand off</p>	<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect</p> <p>Potentially preventable</p>	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-026-24-C	Neglect; Other abuse)	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Judicial process issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Out of State CPS History; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Medical neglect; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	
F-027-24-C	Neglect; Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Judicial process issues; Criminal history (in the home); Family violence; Medical neglect; DCBS issues; Medical issues/management; Coroner issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Potentially preventable	
F-028-24-NC	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	Coroner issues; DCBS issues; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Unsafe sleep (other)	Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-029-24-C	Neglect; Other	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Financial issues; Unsafe sleep (cosleeping on a non-bed surface); Other	Rock n Play used for child was recalled almost 4 years prior	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable; Apparently accidental
F-030-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Medical issues/management; Medically fragile child; Coroner issues; Statutory Issues		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-031-24-NC	Other	Neglect; Physical abuse;	DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Deployment/ redeployment in household; Environmental neglect; Evidence of poor bonding; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Out of State CPS History;	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Torture; Neglect (medical); Other; Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable
F-032-24-C	Neglect	Overwhelmed Caregiver; Supervisional neglect;	malnutrition	Neglect (medical)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-033-24-C	Neglect Natural causes/ medical diagnosis; Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life- threatening event	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Evidence of poor bonding; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Other; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (other); Statutory Issues; Coroner issues	Transportation issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Potentially preventable
F-034-24-C	Gunshot (accidental); Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (in the home); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Statutory Issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Neglectful entrustment		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-035-24-C	Gunshot (accidental); Neglect	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Judicial process issues; Law enforcement issues; Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues; Statutory Issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
F-036-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues; Medical issues/ management; Coroner issues; Unsafe sleep (other)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect; Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently means; Supervisory neglect; Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-037-24-C	Burn; Neglect; Smoke inhalation/fire	Medically fragile child; Neglectful entrustment; Statutory Issues	Bystander issues/opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (cosleeping on a non-bed surface); DCBS issues; Coroner issues; Family violence;	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Potentially Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-038-24-C	Burn; Neglect; Smoke Fragile child; Neglectful entrustment; Statutory inhalation/fire	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Family violence; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (cosleeping on a non-bed surface); Coroner issues; Medically fragile child; Neglectful entrustment; Statutory Issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Potentially Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
F-039-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Coroner issues; Criminal history (in the home); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Family violence; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Unsafe sleep (other); Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Medical issues/ management	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect; Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-040-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Coroner issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/management; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); malnutrition; Bystander issues/ opportunities; Other; Overdose/	malnutrition - lack of transportation	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Other	Potentially preventable
F-041-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Judicial process issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Statutory Issues		Abusive head trauma; Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-042-24-C	Neglect	DCBS history; Financial issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance Natural causes/ abuse by caregiver medical diagnosis; Neglect	(current); Medical neglect; Medical issues/ management	Neglect (medical)	Potentially preventable
F-043-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion; Other Violence	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Domestic	ingestion; Other Violence	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means	Potentially preventable
F-044-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Substance abuse (child)		Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-045-24-C	Drowning/near-drowning; Neglect	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Neglectful entrustment; Substitute caregiver at time of drowning/near-drowning; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means		Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
F-046-24-C	Neglect; Physical abuse	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Judicial process issues; Other; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Serial relationships; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-047-24-C	Neglect; Failure to thrive/ malnutrition	Cognitive disability (child); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; In-Home Service Provider Issues; Medical issues/management; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Supervisory neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-048-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	DCBS history; Environmental neglect; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (other); Coroner issues; DCBS issues; Statutory Issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Apparently Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Apparently Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	accidental; Potentially preventable
F-049-24-C	Drowning/near-drowning; Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Neglectful entrustment; Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Commonwealth/ County Attorneys; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Medical neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ means; Supervisory neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly accidental; Potentially preventable
F-050-24-C	Drowning/near-drowning; Neglect	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ means; Supervisory neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-051-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	Coroner issues; DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Family violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Law enforcement issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (other)	Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
F-052-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion; Undetermined (cause of death or near-death event)	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Coroner issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Judicial process issues; MAT involvement; Medical issues/management; Medical neglect; Neglectful entrustment; Statutory Issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues; Commonwealth/ County Attorneys	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-053-24-C	Neglect; Drowning/near- drowning	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently deadly/potentially deadly means; Potentially preventable	Accidental; Potentially preventable
F-054-24-C	Neglect; Drowning/near- drowning	Coroner issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Housing instability; Lack of Sleep Plan; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Medically fragile child	Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently deadly/potentially deadly means; Potentially preventable	Accidental; Potentially preventable
F-055-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life- threatening event	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (other); Coroner issues	Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-056-24-C					
F-057-24-PH	Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm machinery, ATV, fall)	Coroner issues; Financial issues; Other	Lack of compliance with KRS 189.515 (6) (c) head gear	No abuse or neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-058-24-PH	Burn; Smoke inhalation/fire	Coroner issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Supervisional neglect; Law enforcement issues; Financial issues; Environmental neglect		Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-059-24-PH	SUDI/near- SUDI/apparent event; Neglect	Coroner issues; Financial issues; Housing instability; Environmental neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Substitute life-threatening caregiver at time of event ; Law enforcement issues		Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-060-24-PH	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Substance abuse (child); DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Financial issues		Neglect (medical)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
F-061-24-PH	Neglect; Other	DCBS history; Supervisional neglect		Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-062-24-PH	medical diagnosis	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal Natural causes/ history (in the home); medical DCBS history; Substitute diagnosis caregiver at time of event		No abuse or neglect	Potentially preventable
F-063-24-PH	medical diagnosis	Natural causes/ DCBS issues; Education/ medical child care issues; Language/cultural issues		No abuse or neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-064-24-PH	SUDI/near- SUDI/apparent life-threatening event; Neglect	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (cosleeping on a non-bed surface)		Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
F-065-24-PH	SUDI/near- SUDI/apparent life-threatening event	Substance abuse (in home); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (other); Neglect; Other; Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Financial issues; MAT involvement; Domestic Violence		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-001-24-C	Overdose/ ingestion; Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (child); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Medically fragile child; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (child); Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Medical issues/ management		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical)	Potentially preventable
NF-002-24- NC	Neglect; Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm machinery, ATV, enforcement issues; fall)	DCBS issues; Medical neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Law Language/cultural issues		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical)	Potentially preventable; Apparently accidental
NF-003-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Environmental neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Education/child care issues; Mental health issues (child)		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-004-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; DCBS history; Judicial process issues		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-005-24-C	Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (caregiver); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Family violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Substance abuse (in Physical abuse; home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current)	Physical abuse; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver)	Potentially preventable	
NF-006-24-C	Physical abuse	DCBS issues; Medical neglect; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Other; Lack of family support system ; Lack of regular child care; Abusive head trauma; Neglect;	DCBS history; Financial issues; Failure to thrive; Medical issues/	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable
NF-007-24-C	Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (caregiver); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Housing instability; In-Home Service Provider Issues; Medical neglect; Mental Physical abuse; health issues (caregiver); Abusive head trauma; Failure	Lack of transportation	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-008-24-C	Physical abuse	<p>Abusive head trauma; Neglect;</p> <p>by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Evidence of poor bonding; Statutory Issues</p>	<p>Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Out of State CPS History; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Evidence of poor bonding; Statutory Issues</p>	<p>Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse</p>	Potentially preventable
NF-009-24-C	ingestion	<p>Neglect; Overdose/</p> <p>Neglect; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Other</p>	<p>Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; MAT involvement; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Other</p>	<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to apparently deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect</p>	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-010-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of regular child care; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Neglectful entrustment; Unsafe access to deadly means; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-011-24- NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Environmental neglect; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-012-24- NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Other; Language/cultural issues; Unsafe access to deadly means; DCBS history	Lack of transportation.	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-013-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Domestic Violence; DCBS history; Environmental neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Unsafe access to deadly means; DCBS issues; Financial issues; Medical issues/ management		Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-014-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect;	Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-015-24-C	Overdose/ ingestion; Neglect	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Family violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by care- giver (current)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-016-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-017-24-NC	Neglect; Physical abuse; Sexual abuse/ human trafficking; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Family violence; Judicial process issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Physical abuse; Sexual abuse	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-018-24-C	Neglect; Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Family violence; Financial issues; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (child)		Potentially No abuse or neglect	preventable
NF-019-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Education/child care issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Judicial process issues; Law enforcement issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/	Apparently potentially deadly	accidental; Potentially neglect
NF-020-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; MAT involvement; DCBS history; Financial issues; Mental health issues (child); Environmental neglect; Medical issues/ management	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/	Apparently potentially deadly	accidental; Potentially neglect
NF-021-24- NC	Overdose/ ingestion; Neglect	Cognitive disability (caregiver); Financial issues; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect due to unsafe access to	Apparently deadly/potentially deadly means;	accidental; Potentially Supervisory neglect

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-022-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Physical abuse; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Criminal history (in the home); Criminal history (caregiver); Financial issues; Housing instability; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); DCBS history; Unsafe access to deadly means; Environmental neglect; Education/child care issues; Medical issues/management	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Physical abuse	Potentially preventable	
NF-023-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Out of State CPS History; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory drug testing protocol.	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-024-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Unsafe access to deadly means; Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Criminal history (caregiver)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-025-24-NC	Physical abuse	Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current);	Lack of transportation	Physical abuse	
NF-026-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Medical neglect; Education/child care issues; Medical issues/management	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-027-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; Substance abuse (child); Mental health issues (child); DCBS issues; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver)	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-028-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ diagnosis	DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of family support system ; MAT involvement; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse Natural causes/ by caregiver (current); medical diagnosis	Unsafe access to deadly means; Statutory Issues	Overdose/Ingestion	Neglect (medical) Potentially preventable
NF-029-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Medical issues/ management; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-030-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Physical abuse; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Supervisional neglect; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Housing instability; Law enforcement issues	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	
NF-031-24-C	Neglect	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse Physical abuse; by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (other)	Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable	
NF-032-24-C	Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Supervisional neglect; Financial issues	Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-033-24-C	Neglect; Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	DCBS issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Lack of regular child care; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Out of State CPS History; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Financial issues; Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Medical issues/ management	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable;	Apparently accidental
NF-034-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life- threatening event	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Family violence; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of Sleep Plan; Lack of regular child care; Law enforcement issues; MAT involvement; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Statutory Issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current);	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently (impaired caregiver); accidental; Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-035-24-NC	Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm fall)	DCBS issues; Financial issues; Lack of family support system ; Language/cultural issues; machinery, ATV, Medical issues/management		No abuse or neglect	Apparently accidental
NF-036-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of family support system ; Medical neglect; Out of State CPS History; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; DCBS issues; Medical issues/management	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-037-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Cognitive disability (caregiver); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Supervisional neglect; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; In-Home Service Provider Issues; Other; Statutory Issues	Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-038-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	<p>Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect;</p> <p>Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues;</p> <p>Other</p>	<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect</p> <p>Lack of transportation.</p>	Potentially preventable;	Apparently accidental
NF-039-24-C	Neglect; Physical abuse	<p>Cognitive disability (child); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Language/cultural issues; Law enforcement issues; Medically fragile child; Other</p>	<p>Emotional abuse; Statutory timeline not followed (consistent issues with father being brought to court and no interpreter present)</p>	<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Physical abuse</p>	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-040-24- NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion; Suicide (child)	<p>DCBS issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Substance abuse (child); Unsafe access to deadly means;</p> <p>Medical neglect;</p> <p>Bystander issues/ opportunities;</p> <p>Environmental neglect</p>	<p>Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means</p>	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-041-24-NC	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	DCBS issues; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Substitute caregiver at time of event		Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	
NF-042-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Evidence of poor bonding; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Lack of family support system ; Lack of regular child care; Medical neglect; Other; Statutory Issues	Lack of transportation	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-043-24-C	Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Financial issues		No abuse or neglect	
NF-044-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Financial issues; Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-045-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Impaired caregiver; Language/cultural issues; Medical neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Financial issues; Judicial process issues	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	
NF-046-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/near-SUDI/apparent life-threatening event	DCBS issues; Financial issues; Housing instability; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Domestic Violence; Neglectful entrustment; Substitute caregiver at time of event	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	
NF-047-24-C	Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm fall); Neglect	Commonwealth/County Attorneys; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Impaired caregiver; Law enforcement issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Supervisional neglect; Domestic Violence; Substance abuse (in machinery, ATV, home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-048-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Environmental neglect; Medical neglect; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-049-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Neglect	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Medical neglect; DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Family violence; Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional Neglect; Neglect; Unsafe access to Physical abuse; deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Additional daycare concerns were not addressed. It appears the PPS report was not reviewed by OIG during (medical); Physical the first investigation.	Abusive head trauma; Neglect	Potentially preventable
NF-050-24-C	Burn	Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Family violence; Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional Neglect; Neglect; Unsafe access to Physical abuse; deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory Neglect	Neglect	Potentially preventable
NF-051-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Statutory Issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; DCBS history; Financial issues	Domestic violence- self report.	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory Neglect	Potentially preventable; Apparently accidental

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-052-24-NC	Neglect	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; by caregiver (current); Overdose/ ingestion;	Cognitive disability (caregiver); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Physical abuse	Potentially preventable
NF-053-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Neglect; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	DCBS issues; Deployment/redeployment in household; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Language/cultural issues; Law enforcement issues; Medical issues/management; Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidentally; Potentially preventable
NF-054-24-C	Physical abuse	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; by caregiver (current); Medical neglect	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/management; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; Neglect (medical)	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-055-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Financial issues; Environmental neglect; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Statutory Issues; Other; Unsafe access to deadly means; Supervisional neglect; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Judicial process issues; Medical issues/ management; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Transportation.	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-056-24-C	Gunshot (accidental); Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Substance abuse (child); Substance abuse (in home); Financial issues		No abuse or neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-057-24-C	Physical abuse	Cognitive disability (child); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Language/cultural issues; Medically fragile		No abuse or neglect	Potentially preventable
NF-058-24-NC					

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-059-24-NC	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS issues; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/ management; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	
NF-060-24-C	Neglect; Other; Sexual abuse/ human trafficking	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (child); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Evidence of poor bonding; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Other; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Medical issues/ management; Impaired caregiver	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Sexual abuse	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-061-24-NC	medical diagnosis	Medical neglect; Medical issues/management; DCBS issues; Financial Natural causes/ issues; Unsafe sleep (cosleeping on a non-bed surface)		Neglect (medical); Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Potentially preventable
NF-062-24-C					
NF-063-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues; Statutory Issues	Lack of plan of safe care.	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-064-24-C	Neglect; Other	Cognitive disability (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Financial issues; Housing instability; In-Home Service Provider Issues; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Other; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect	Malnutrition	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Other; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-065-24-C	Physical abuse Abusive head trauma; NF-066-24- NC	DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substitute caregiver at time of event	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (medical); Physical abuse		
NF-067-24- NC	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Education/child care issues; Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable	
NF-068-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion; Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; MAT involvement; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Neglectful entrustment; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Unsafe sleep (other); Substance abuse by caregiver (current)	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-069-24-C	Neglect; SUDI/ near-SUDI/ apparent life-threatening event	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing)	Neglect (unsafe sleep)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-070-24-C	Neglect	DCBS issues; Education/ child care issues; Financial issues; Lack of family support system ; Other; Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (child); Supervisional neglect	Neglect (medical); Lack of transportation	Apparently accidental; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable
NF-071-24-C					
NF-072-24-C	Neglect; Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of regular child care; Other; Medical issues/management; Medically fragile child; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (other); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Criminal history (in the home)	Lack of transportation.	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-073-24-C	ingestion	<p>Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/management; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Neglect; Supervisional neglect; Drowning/near-drowning; Unsafe access to deadly means; Housing Overdose/ instability; Impaired caregiver</p>	<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect</p>	<p>Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable</p>	
NF-074-24-NC	Abusive head trauma	<p>Cognitive disability (caregiver); DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of family support system; Language/cultural issues; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Neglectful entrustment; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Medical issues/management</p>		<p>Abusive head trauma</p>	<p>Manner undetermined/foul play not ruled out</p>

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-075-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues; Financial issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-076-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Other; Mental health issues (child)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Mental health (sibling)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-077-24-NC	Neglect; Physical abuse	Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Judicial process issues; Medical neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable	
NF-078-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Substance abuse (in home); Financial issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable; Apparently accidental	
NF-079-24-C					
NF-080-24-NC	Neglect; Failure to thrive/ malnutrition	Commonwealth/County Attorneys; DCBS issues; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of family support system ; Language/cultural issues; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical)	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-081-24-C	Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means		Potentially preventable	
NF-082-24-C	Neglect; Over- dose/ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Financial issues; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-083-24-C	Physical abuse; Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; In-Home Service Provider Issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Out of State CPS History; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Physical abuse	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-084-24-C					
NF-085-24-C	Neglect; Other	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Evidence of poor bonding; Financial issues; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Out of State CPS History; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Medical issues/ management; Other	Nutritional neglect/ Starvation; Lack of transportation	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect	Potentially preventable
NF-086-24-C					

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-087-24-C	Neglect	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current)	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable
NF-088-24-C			Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Unsafe access to deadly means; Statutory Issues; Mental health issues (child)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable; Apparently accidental

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-089-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Cognitive disability (child); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Judicial process issues; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Medical issues/ management; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-090-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Environmental neglect; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-091-24-C	Neglect	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Family violence; Housing instability; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Supervisional neglect; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Supervisory neglect; Other	Potentially preventable	
NF-092-24-C	Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	Financial issues; Medically fragile child			

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-093-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; Financial issues; Medical issues/ management		No abuse or neglect	
NF-094-24-C	Neglect; Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm machinery, ATV, Unsafe sleep (other); fall)	DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Perinatal depression (caregiver); Other	Lack of parental education regarding use of bassinet	No abuse or neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-095-24-C	Neglect; Drowning/near- drowning	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Family violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; MAT involvement; Medical issues/management; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Lack of transportation. Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-096-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues; Substance abuse (child)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-097-24-C	Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial History	Medically fragile child; Out of State CPS	No abuse or neglect	
NF-098-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Family violence; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-099-24-C	Neglect	Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/management; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Statutory Issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current)		Potentially preventable	
NF-100-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Cognitive disability (child); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Financial issues; MAT involvement; Other; Medically fragile child; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-101-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Cognitive disability (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Judicial process issues; Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Statutory Issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect		Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-102-24-NC	Drowning/near-drowning; Neglect	DCBS issues; Law enforcement issues; Medical issues/management; Supervisional neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-103-24-C	Physical abuse	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues; Serial relationships; DCBS issues	Physical abuse		
NF-104-24-C					
NF-105-24-C	Overdose/ingestion; Neglect	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-106-24-C					

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-107-24-C	Failure to thrive/ malnutrition; Neglect	Evidence of poor bonding; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Other	Nutritional neglect; Lack of transportation	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Other	Potentially preventable
NF-108-24-C	Burn; Neglect; Physical abuse	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable
NF-109-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues; Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; DCBS issues		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect
NF-110-24-C					accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-111-24-C	Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	Cognitive disability (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Unsafe sleep (bed sharing)		No abuse or neglect	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-112-24-C	Gunshot (accidental); Neglect	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Housing instability; Mental health issues (caregiver); Statutory Issues; Unsafe access to deadly means; Education/child care issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-113-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	Cognitive disability (caregiver); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Evidence of poor bonding; Financial issues; In-Home Service Provider Issues; Medical issues/ management; Medically fragile child; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Supervisional neglect	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	Potentially preventable	
NF-114-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Language/cultural issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Unsafe access to deadly means; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-115-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; MAT involvement; Medical issues/management; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-116-24-C					
NF-117-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Mental health issues (caregiver); Statutory Issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Judicial process issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-118-24-C	Physical abuse	Neglect; Neglect; (caregiver)	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Criminal history	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	
NF-119-24-C	diagnosis	Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	DCBS issues; Medically fragile child	No abuse or neglect	
NF-120-24-C					
NF-121-24-NC					
NF-122-24-C					Potentially preventable
NF-123-24-C	Overdose/ ingestion	Neglect; Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Judicial process issues; Medical neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Language/ cultural issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-124-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Medical issues/ management; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-125-24-C	Neglect; Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm machinery, ATV, (current); Supervisional fall	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver neglect	Neglect (medical); Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-126-24-C	Failure to thrive/ malnutrition; Neglect; Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	Cognitive disability (caregiver); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Other; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Statutory Issues; Housing instability; Perinatal depression (caregiver)	Lack of transportation	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical)	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-127-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Judicial process issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/ management; Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing)		Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-128-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Environmental neglect; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Mental health issues (caregiver)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-129-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-130-24-C					
NF-131-24-C	Physical abuse	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Mental health issues (child); Abusive head trauma; Neglect;	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Physical abuse;	Potentially preventable	
		health issues (caregiver)	Lack of transportation.	Supervisory neglect	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-132-24-C					
NF-133-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Judicial process issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-134-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Unsafe access to deadly means; Domestic Violence; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Mental health issues (child)	Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-135-24-C	Neglect; Physical abuse; Sexual abuse/ human trafficking; Failure to thrive/ malnutrition; Overdose/ ingestion	Cognitive disability (child); Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Evidence of poor bonding; Family violence; Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Environmental neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Physical abuse; Sexual abuse; Torture		

## **CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024**

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-136-24-C	Physical abuse	<p>Abusive head trauma; Neglect;</p> <p>Bystander issues/ opportunities; Cognitive disability (caregiver); Cognitive disability (child); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Lack of Sleep Plan; Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of regular child care; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse);</p>	<p>Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect</p>	Potentially preventable	
NF-137-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	<p>DCBS history; DCBS issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Environmental neglect</p>	<p>Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect</p>	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-138-24-C	Physical abuse	<p>DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Judicial process issues; Medical issues/ management</p>	Physical abuse; Other		

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-139-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues; Substance abuse (in home); Unsafe access to deadly means; Medically fragile child	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-140-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Cognitive disability (child); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Medically fragile child; Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Judicial process issues; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-141-24-C	Overdose/ ingestion; Neglect	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Unsafe access to deadly means; Commonwealth/County Attorneys; Housing instability; Law enforcement issues; Medically fragile child	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-142-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Cognitive disability (child); DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Law enforcement issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-143-24-C	Neglect; Natural causes/ medical diagnosis	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (child); Overwhelmed Caregiver; Serial relationships	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical)	Potentially preventable	
NF-144-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; Failure to thrive/ malnutrition; Neglect	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of regular child care; Medical issues/management; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver)	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse		
NF-145-24- NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Medical neglect; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Unsafe access to deadly means; Supervisional neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-146-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Judicial process issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Out of State CPS History; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-147-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion; Suicide (child)	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Financial issues; Medical issues/ management; Mental health issues (child); Unsafe access to deadly means; Other; Medical neglect; Environmental neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Lack of transportation.	Potentially preventable
NF-148-24-NC	Neglect; Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm fall)	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional neglect; machinery, ATV, Environmental neglect; Law enforcement issues	Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-149-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Medical neglect; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Domestic Violence	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidentally; means; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable
NF-150-24-C					
NF-151-24-NC	Blunt force trauma - not inflicted (farm machinery, ATV, fall); Physical abuse	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Judicial process issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Financial issues	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	Potentially preventable	
NF-152-24-C	DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Failure to thrive; Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Other; Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Neglect; Failure to thrive/ malnutrition	Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe sleep (other)	Starvation; Lack of transportation	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Other; Torture	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-153-24-C	Physical abuse	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Substitution caregiver at time of event ; Housing instability; Lack of regular child care	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Family violence; Financial issues; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Housing instability; Lack of regular child care	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect	Potentially preventable (medical)
NF-154-24-C	Neglect		DCBS history; Financial issues; Medically fragile child; Out of State CPS History; DCBS issues; Medical issues/management; Mental health issues (child); Overwhelmed Caregiver		Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-155-24-C	diagnosis	Natural causes/ medical	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Education/child care issues; Family violence; Financial issues; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Out of State CPS History; Supervisional neglect	No abuse or neglect	
NF-156-24-C	Physical abuse	Abusive head trauma; Neglect; Substitution caregiver at time of event ; Housing instability; Lack of regular child care	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Medical issues/management; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current)	Abusive head trauma; Physical abuse	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-157-24-NC	Neglect	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical issues/management; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current)		Potentially preventable	
NF-158-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-159-24-C	Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); DCBS history; Financial issues; Lack of regular child care; Medical issues/management; Supervisional neglect	Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse; Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-160-24-NC	Neglect; Physical abuse; Other	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Education/ child care issues; Evidence of poor bonding; Medical issues/ management; Medical neglect; Out of State CPS History; DCBS issues; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Other; Physical abuse; Torture	Potentially preventable	
NF-161-24-NC	Neglect; Other; Medical neglect; Out of Physical abuse	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Education/ child care issues; Evidence of poor bonding; DCBS Issues; Medical issues/management; Out of State CPS History; Other	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Other; Physical abuse; Torture	Potentially preventable	
NF-162-24-C	Suicide (child)	Neglect; DCBS history; Mental health issues (child); Overdose/ ingestion; Overwhelmed Caregiver; Substance abuse (child)	No abuse or neglect	Potentially preventable	
NF-163-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Substance abuse (in home); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Environmental neglect	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-164-24-NC	Neglect	Financial issues; Housing instability; Lack of family support system ; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medically fragile child; Out of State CPS History; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect		Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-165-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues		Apparently No abuse or neglect	accidental
NF-166-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Medical neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Medical issues/management	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-167-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; MAT involvement; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Lack of regular child care	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-168-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Medical neglect; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means		
NF-169-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (child); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-170-24-NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; MAT involvement; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-171-24-C	Neglect; Drowning/near- drowning	DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Mental health issues (caregiver); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Coroner issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-172-24- NC	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Unsafe sleep (bed sharing); Evidence of poor bonding	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (unsafe sleep); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-173-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Bystander issues/ opportunities; DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-174-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Housing instability; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse (child); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Supervisory neglect; Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	
NF-175-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Unsafe access to deadly means; Mental health issues (caregiver)	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable	

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-176-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Education/child care issues; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Mental health issues (caregiver); Mental health issues (child); Serial relationships; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect;	Unsafe access to deadly means; Law enforcement issues	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-177-24-C	Abusive head trauma; Neglect;	Bystander issues/ opportunities; Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; Domestic Violence; Financial issues; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect; Mental health issues (caregiver); Neglectful entrustment; Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Substance abuse (in home); Substitute caregiver at time of event ; DCBS issues		Abusive head trauma; Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Physical abuse	Potentially preventable

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-178-24-C	Neglect	Drowning/near-drowning;	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Financial issues; DCBS history	Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-179-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ingestion		Cognitive disability (child); Criminal history (caregiver); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues; Medical issues/management; Medical neglect; Medically fragile child; Mental health issues (caregiver); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means; Serial relationships	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-180-24-NC		Physical abuse	DCBS issues; Financial issues; Lack of regular child care; Language/cultural issues; Supervisional neglect	No abuse or neglect	
NF-181-24-C					

## CASE REVIEWS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024

Case Number	Categorization	Family Characteristics	Family Characteristics Comments	Panel Determination	Other Qualifiers
NF-182-24-C	Neglect; Overdose/ ingestion	Criminal history (caregiver); Criminal history (in the home); DCBS history; DCBS issues; Environmental neglect; Impaired caregiver; Lack of treatment (mental health or substance abuse); MAT involvement; Substance abuse (in home); Substance abuse by caregiver (current); Supervisional neglect; Unsafe access to deadly means	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (impaired caregiver); Neglect due to unsafe access to deadly/ potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Apparently potentially deadly means; Supervisory neglect	Accidental; Potentially preventable
NF-183-24-C	Physical abuse	DCBS history; DCBS issues; Domestic Violence; Environmental neglect; Family violence; Financial issues; Law enforcement issues; Medical neglect; Substitute caregiver at time of event ; Unsafe access to deadly means; Medical issues/ management	Neglect (general - can include leaving child with unsafe caregiver); Neglect (medical); Supervisory neglect	Potentially preventable	



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