POLICY and PROCEDURE:

A. The Board shall avoid unnecessary conditions of parole to reduce or minimize the potential for failure by the offender based on technical violation of conditions that are not substantially related to public safety or reduction of recidivism. Certain conditions may be imposed to fulfill a court order, a correctional program recommendation or a statutory mandate, or as a protection to the community or victim.

B. Intensity of Supervision.

The Board shall use and consider the results of the Risk and Needs Assessment prepared by the Board’s staff or by the Department of Corrections pursuant to KRS 439.335 and 439.340(1) to establish the offender’s initial level of intensity of supervision pursuant to KRS 439.335. The Board’s establishment of this initial level of intensity of supervision shall not preempt the Department of Corrections’ authority pursuant to KRS 439.3104 upon intake to community supervision or thereafter to establish a different level of supervision, as the Department may deem appropriate.

C. Conditions of Release.

(1) General conditions of release.

The parolee shall:

(a) Report to his Parole Officer immediately upon arrival at his destination and submit a report in writing once a month, or more if directed by the officer;

(b) Permit his Parole Officer to visit his home and place of employment at any time;

(c) Not indulge in the use of a nonprescribed controlled substance or alcohol;
(d) When directed to do so by the Parole Officer, submit to random tests of blood, breath, saliva, or urine to determine the existence of any illegal substances in his system;

(e) Work regularly and support his legal dependents; if unemployed, he shall report this fact to his officer and make every attempt to obtain other employment;

(f) Not associate with a convicted felon except for a legitimate purpose, including family, residential, occupational, or treatment;

(g) Not visit with an inmate of a penal institution without permission of his Parole Officer;

(h) Not leave the state, district, or residence, or change employment without written permission of his Parole Officer;

(i) Not be permitted to purchase, own, or have in his possession a firearm or other weapon;

(j) Not violate any law or city ordinance of this state, any other state or the United States;

(k) Not falsify any report to his Parole Officer;

(l) Not have the right to register for voting purposes and may not hold office; if he registers or reregisters prior to restoration of his civil rights, he shall be in violation of the law which carries a maximum penalty of five (5) years in prison pursuant to KRS 119.025;

(m) Comply with 501 KAR Chapter 1 and special instructions of his Parole Officer;

(n) Pay a supervision fee unless expressly waived by the Board;

(o) Pay the balance of the restitution ordered pursuant to KRS 439.563; and

(p) Pay the balance of the sum payable to the Crime Victims Compensation Fund pursuant to KRS 346.185.

(2) Special conditions of release.

(a) The Board shall consider whether it is necessary to impose any special conditions of release.
(i) The Board may order a parolee to observe any special condition of release which the Board, in its discretion, deems necessary based on the individual’s level of risk to public safety, criminal risk factors, and need for treatment and other interventions.

(ii) The Board shall use and consider the results of the risk and needs assessment prepared by the Board’s staff or by the Department of Corrections pursuant to KRS 439.335 and 439.340(1) in establishing any special conditions of release.

(b) Special conditions may apply for sex crimes.

(c) An offender may be prohibited from entering certain counties.

(d) An offender may be prohibited from contact with victims and victims’ families.

(e) An offender may be restricted to driving only to work, for a medical appointment, or for program participation.

(f) The Board may impose conditions mandated by the sentencing court.

(g) The offender shall be given a written copy and explanation of the special conditions set by the Board or sentencing court.

D. The offender shall have an opportunity to present his views regarding any condition of parole.

(1) An offender may request a modification or removal of a condition or fee through his assigned Parole Officer, or the Prerelease Coordinator for offenders who have not been released on parole, but have been recommended for parole by the Board.

(2) Any request for modification or removal of a condition or fee shall be decided by a full Board vote and the decision shall be given to the offender in writing.

(3) The Board’s decision shall be final. The Board’s denial of a request for modification or removal of a condition or fee shall not be subject to reconsideration pursuant to Subsection F of KYPB 10-00.

E. An offender shall comply with all applicable provisions of an Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision.